REPUBLIC OF TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO MINISTRY OF EDUCATION

PRIMARY SCHOOL CURRICULUM

CURRICULUM GUIDES VALUES, CHARACTER AND CITIZENSHIP EDUCATION INFANTS 1 – STANDARD 5

Curriculum Planning and Development Division 2013

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Foreword of the Minister of Education



The Ministry of Education sees that education is the key to preparing our country to have a knowledge-driven economy that can be competitive in the region and across the world. It is fundamental to the development of Trinidad and Tobago. We are making human committed to development the central focus of education through the creation of mechanisms for skills-building, lifelong learning and institutional strengthening.

Additionally, in this world in which

innovation is essential, fostering creativity and higher-order thinking skills in our citizens is an imperative. We recognise too that Literacy and Numeracy are core skills which need to be developed, since these constitute the main areas on which the performance in education of our country is measured.

Within my tenure as Minister of Education, sixteen priority areas have been identified for significant change in the educational landscape of our nation. Our primary sector has been an area of concern, with many of our students not attaining the knowledge and skills necessary for secondary education nor for functioning as young citizens of our nation. The priority areas targeted for intervention at the primary level are: Curriculum Reform, Literacy and Numeracy, Integration of ICTs

in Education, a Continuous Assessment Programme and Improving Infrastructure in Schools. Also significant are the movement of the SEA examination, teacher training and other measures geared toward improving academic performance. All these initiatives work together to bring our primary sector to a quality that will support the requirements for a world-class education for each of our children. Within this context, the primary curriculum has been rewritten in order to prepare our children for successful living in the 21st century. The principles underlying this project were:

- The belief that curriculum reform must address the needs of 21st century development and the labour market needs of the society, as well as build the foundation for responsible citizenship and ensure the optimisation of multiple talents, including the arts and sports.
- The creation of a learning system that accommodates all types of learners, not limited to the academically gifted.
- The strengthening and enhancement of the cognitive, social and psycho-motor skills learnt at the primary level for a seamless transition to the secondary level.

The new primary curriculum has been carefully designed and developed in accordance with international best practice and in accordance with these requirements. This curriculum will meet the needs of our country's development through the achievement of the full potential of each child.

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The National Curriculum Framework

INTRODUCTION

This curriculum framework is intended to outline the nature and purpose of the curriculum as well as the parameters for consistent curriculum implementation throughout primary education in Trinidad and Tobago. The document sets out the principles that govern and guide teaching and learning. The term `curriculum' is used in this document to describe the sum total of the planned experiences which occur within that environment, and which were designed to foster children's learning and development. These include activities, and events, with either direct or indirect impact upon the child.

A clear understanding of the nature, role and function of the national curriculum for Trinidad and Tobago is a critical part of the whole positive transformation of education to provide a seamless pathway for all students through the system of teaching and learning. This framework provides the basis for the new primary integrated curriculum, which includes specification of subject-areas selected to maximize twenty-first century learning in a student-centred innovative education system in Trinidad and Tobago. The components which are fundamental to transformation of primary education at this point in time form the underlying concepts which guided the development of the curriculum and give direction to teaching and learning. They are of particular importance to the development of our students and of our

nation because they establish common understandings about teaching and learning. These understandings inform how all schools are expected to focus on the achievement of the goals laid out by the Ministry of Education for a future-oriented inclusive education for all. For Trinidad and Tobago, the National Curriculum Framework becomes the basis for all education and curriculum decision-making, including the design, development and implementation strategies for a new system of teaching and learning covering those critical seven years of education. The statement of outcomes for students are a key part of this education framework and forms the basis for all subsequent decisions about teaching and learning, content, pedagogy and assessment. These must work towards fulfilling the vision for successful students and future citizens of our nation.

In order to establish common ground and ensure that the curriculum can be implemented as designed, a set of foundational principles needs to be established. This National Curriculum Framework establishes a consistent foundation for learning that is undergirded by the vision, mission and the five value outcomes for all children as detailed by the Ministry of Education. Given that this is the agency with ultimate responsibility for the education, care and well-being of every learner in the country, the National Curriculum Framework and the curriculum

that devolves from it essentially provide the basis for all teaching and learning activity.

Part of that foundation is the recognition that a curriculum is both product and process, and that any new curriculum materials needs to reflect those notions in the design. Furthermore all curriculum design, development and implementation must be guided by the existing vision, mission and five value outcomes for education in the country. Finally, the foundation must ensure that all curriculum activity, including implementation at the classroom level, functions within the guiding principles of education established by the Ministry of Education. It must also be stated that the guiding principles of the

Ministry of Education were developed after extensive stakeholder dialogue and sound analysis of the current societal and national requirements.

For an effective and relevant twenty-first century process of teaching and learning, these guiding principles are an indicator that the Ministry of Education seeks to place education in Trinidad and Tobago alongside, if not ahead of international best practices. The Ministry of Education has established an *Education Sector Strategic Plan 2011-2015* to achieve the goals of quality, innovative, challenging, flexible education for all, and has begun an investment in human and material resources to achieve this outcome in a purposeful and timely fashion.

BACKGROUND

In order to effectively administer the formal education sector, and ensure that every child has the best opportunity to learn, the Ministry of Education provides direction and guidance based upon sound educational theory and practices together with a considerations from extensive stakeholder consultations. In 2011 the Ministry of Education conducted two national consultations on the primary education curriculum, along with 7 district consultations and one in Tobago. Information received from these stakeholder consultations informed the direction and decisions of the Ministry of Education to better meet the requirements of education at the primary level. Alongside this, a detailed, critical examination of current practice, both within and outside the country was conducted to identify elements that contribute to a quality education.

A detailed and comprehensive plan to revise and update all components of the teaching learning system to new internationally accepted standards emerged. Part of this transformation involved reviewing and assessing current curriculum documentation and practices. A professional review and assessment of the previous curriculum documents was completed, and recommendations were presented to guide the development of the new curriculum framework. A new standard for teaching and learning, which is evident in international best practice, shows that at lower grade level, children learn best when presented with knowledge, skills and values that are integrated and thematically organized. The integration of subject matter and skills or cross-subject connections is an important feature of the design, development, and implementation of the new curriculum.

Integration does not mean that the subject areas disappear. In fact, the subject areas have become pillars and supports for innovative and transformative learning experiences covering these critical seven years of formal education. This new twenty-first century curriculum for Trinidad and Tobago provides every opportunity for the child to learn, master new important skills, and develop character and values that are

critical to their role as productive, caring and responsible citizens, locally, regionally and internationally. This new integrated, innovative, flexible curriculum provides learners with a journey of inquiry and discovery. This integrated thematic curriculum will place Trinidad and Tobago's education system on par with international leaders in the education arena.

DEFINITION

The term 'curriculum' has several meanings, depending on the context and the perspective of curriculum theory that is applied to the definition. Most theories concur that there are four fundamental components within definitions of curriculum:

- Curriculum as the transmission of a body of knowledge.
- Curriculum as product defined by the ends or achievements expected.
- Curriculum as process.
- Curriculum as praxis

There is little advantage to debating the differences embedded in these views of curriculum. It is however very useful to agree on a basic perspective that guides the process of developing an effective education system that has a well-designed and developed curriculum. It is useful, for example, to see the new curriculum as part of a clearly delineated guide for all learning which is planned and organized by the education system, whether it is carried out in groups, individually, within or outside the school.

By suggesting that a curriculum provides a detailed learning plan and guide, we are also stating that the curriculum specifies precisely what outcomes we anticipate that all learners will achieve as well as how they will achieve those outcomes. The new curriculum articulates a series of sequenced general learning outcomes which are elaborated through subject outcome statements. Abundant guidance is provided in planning units of work, individual teaching learning activities and includes samples of activities developed to ensure that a measure of fidelity in the implementation of the curriculum is maintained. In this respect, the Ministry of Education has established a body of learning outcomes which collectively define the vision of what knowledge, skills and dispositions a twenty-first century learner at the Primary level in Trinidad and Tobago should possess. These outcomes are the key guiding principles underpinning the new infant and primary curriculum and thus underpin the whole education system, ultimately guiding what happens in schools and classrooms.

FOUNDATION OF THE NATIONAL CURRICULUM

Vision

The Ministry is leading a quality education system that responds to the diverse needs and requirements of 21st century learners, promotes inclusivity, seamlessness, equity and equality and contributes to human capital and sustainable development.

Table 1: Vision of the Ministry of development, from Education

design of a new set of learning guides to implementation at the classroom level is therefore guided by the principles and policies of the Ministry of Education.

The regulatory and guiding principles for education provide the overarching national framework for education. The Ministry of Education, *Education Sector Strategic Plan:* 2011-2015, and other policy documents, establish the design framework for all components of the new curriculum. Principal among these are the vision, mission and the five (5) value outcomes established at the national level for all students, which further guides the formulation of the desired

Effective curriculum requires a very clear direction. In Trinidad and Tobago the Ministry of Education has articulated it's view of education which establishes the mandate for education. In the establishment of policy and principles for education on a national level all decisions are informed by the vision and mission for the system. curriculum from the and intended learning experiences for the classroom in the curriculum guide.

In Trinidad and Tobago, the current focus is on the design and development of primary curriculum, which, as noted above is governed by the principles established in this Curriculum Framework.

One of the key elements of this foundation is the Vision for learning which clearly articulates the commitment of the Ministry to meet the needs of learners. A forward-looking perspective on what all schools should be facilitating in terms of student achievement is guided by the national curriculum. There is equal clarity regarding a twenty-first century education system functioning to provide the highest standard of education.

Devolving from the Vision, in the Mission statement, the Ministry of Education establishes the mechanism for the realization of the Vision and of what the end product of the anticipated learning experiences

Mission

To educate and develop children who are able to fulfill their full potential; healthy and growing normally; academically balanced; well-adjusted socially and culturally; and emotionally mature and happy.

Government of Trinidad and Tobago, Ministry of Education, Education Sector Strategic Plan: 2011-2015

Table 2: Mission of the Ministry of Education

will be. The curriculum has elaborated on the stated outcomes for all children with further outcomes both at a general level and more specifically for all subject areas.

The principles by which the Ministry administers the education system to effectively and efficiently achieve the vision, mission and outcomes have been clearly articulated. These guiding principles are essential statements that must govern curriculum design and development, teaching and learning, and the administration of schools if the goals of education are to be achieved. The critical area of focus is on student learning and fidelity to the curriculum which seeks to transform classroom practices to the benefit of each child.

The guiding principles, listed below, are important components in the new curriculum. The principles informed the curriculum design and development process; they will guide teaching and learning at the implementation phase of the curriculum. As we evaluate the curriculum, they will provide reference points to ensure that the desired attributes of education that are important for the nation are being achieved. The new curriculum materials are not static products, but will remain a flexible roadmap designed to effect high quality, relevant learning for all young people well into the future.

Principle	Elaboration
Student Centred	The student is at the centre of everything we do.
	We engage parents and families as the heart of students' lives and we support and acknowledge them as the primary
Engaged Communities	guides and decision-makers for students. We engage members of local, regional and global communities as active
	contributors to student learning
	We expect all students will learn in a welcoming environment regardless of place, culture, or learning needs.
Inclusive	
Proactive	We plan for a desired future, preventing problems instead of reacting to them.
	We acknowledge that education is everybody's business and therefore expect teachers, the school and education leaders
Shared Responsibility	to collaborate with other government and community organizations to foster student learning
	We explore new learning opportunities through research, innovation and professional development to ensure continuous
Innovative	improvement of student learning.
	We enable meaningful and relevant learning through a range of opportunities appropriate to each student's development
Flexible	stage.
Equitable	We ensure that every student will have the benefit of high-quality learning opportunities.

Principle	Elaboration
	We are big to the citizens of Triville Lord Table and the control of the citizens of the citiz
Accountable	We explain to the citizens of Trinidad and Tobago the outcomes of our students and our use of funding.
Accountable	We believe that people with vision and passion can achieve great things. We therefore empower and inspire out staff and
Transformative	stakeholders to create positive and lasting changes in the education system.
Leadership	
	We are committed to meeting our won quality standards that are driven by the requirements of our customers. Each of
Quality	us takes charge to ensure that these standards are implemented in our individual areas of authority.
	We create the environment for excellence in teaching practice that improves the learning of all students, deepens
Teacher Empowerment	educators content knowledge, provides them with research-based instructional strategies to assist students in meeting
	rigorous academic standards, and prepares them to use various types of classroom assessments appropriately.

Table 3: Guiding Principles of the Ministry of Education

THE NEW PRIMARY CURRICULUM

The new Primary curriculum envisages preparing our children with the knowledge, skills and dispositions to optimize their own development and ultimately to constitute a caring, respectful and socially conscious citizenry which will competently lead our country onto the world stage. The Curriculum focuses on nine (9) subject areas: Mathematics, English Language Arts, Science, Social Studies, Visual and Performing Arts, Physical Education, Agricultural Science, Spanish and Values, Character and Citizenship Education. Health and Family Life Education outcomes are distributed and supported by all subjects.

By crafting a new national primary curriculum and addressing the learning needs of all young people through a new approach to teaching and learning, Trinidad and Tobago has established a strong foundation for the desired educational outcomes for our students. The Vision and Mission of the Ministry of Education which seeks to recognize, value and nurture individual abilities and talents requires an integrated, appropriate and relevant twenty-first century set of learning experiences at the heart of the curriculum. This overarching vision and mission remain central to all curriculum design, development and implementation initiatives, and will guide pre-service and in-service

teacher education and training activities that are an essential part of the whole education development, innovation and transformation process.

The world is rapidly changing and knowledge, skills, and values are being demanded of citizens, even while the education struggles to catch up with yesterday's requirements. In the vision, mission and principles statements it is very clear that the Ministry of Education wants to develop an education for the twenty-first century, charting the way for education and the nation to keep pace and move to the front of the international arena. Following on this understanding, the new curriculum has been developed as a flexible tool that focuses on the development of twenty first century skills in learners. The curriculum itself, while providing abundant and detailed guidance to teachers, can be adapted and shaped to individual contexts. Curriculum adaptation is an essential aspect of curriculum implementation that is required to meet the rapidly changing and diverse needs of all learners, so enabling teaching and learning to continue to be relevant and current.

The new primary curriculum is characterised by the following:

• An integrated, thematic approach to teaching and learning in which learning from different subjects is skilfully melded into thematic units and learning/lesson plans. There is a focus on core content, building critical skills and cultivating desirable dispositions in students, rather than rote learning of content and regurgitation on paper and pencil tests. This facilitates for a smooth transition from ECCE into Infants and makes for a pleasurable learning experience for the child, and more effective delivery and retention of content.

- Literacy and Numeracy, significant foundational areas, are built in in all subject areas
- Continuous Assessment is promoted with conscious attention to Assessment for Learning which uses a wide range of classroom assessments to provide feedback and improve student performance
- Differentiated Instruction is supported to enable teachers to use a variety of teaching methods and cater to the learning needs of a range of students
- Infusion and use of Information and Communication Technologies, an indispensable twenty-first competence for students, is built in to all areas
- Focused teaching of Visual and Performing Arts and Physical Education ensures that all children's talents and sensibilities are awakened and developed.
- The introduction of foreign language awareness in a Spanish programme which follows a Foreign Language Exploratory model is present. This focuses largely on oral Spanish, its attendant cultures and exploration of other language experiences in the child's immediate environment.
- A focus on Values, Character and Citizenship is a vital component towards building a strong, tolerant and conscientious citizenry.

As noted, the designed learning experiences outlined in the new curriculum are student-centred, inclusive and capable of guiding implementation of a high quality, engaging, innovative teaching and learning process that satisfies the learning needs of all twenty-first century young citizens of Trinidad and Tobago, the Caribbean region and the globally interdependent and connected world.

A significant part of the mandate required that the curriculum capture current, relevant, interesting and fun teaching and learning experiences. The general and specific outcomes focus on the development of concepts, skills and dispositions in students, including higher-order skills suitably targeted to the developmental level of our young learners. While the design of the new curriculum is new to our education system, it is grounded in sound educational theory and principles. Inherent in the subject matter are carefully considered concepts, skill sand dispositions which are relevant to the development

of students and the needs of our society as espoused by our many stakeholders and educators.

The seven years of the primary experience have been broken down into three key levels each of which has a broad area of focus as to the general outcomes desired for the child at that level and are specified as a general level of student achievement.

Organizational Structure of the Achievement Levels					
Level Title Grades					
Achievement Level One	Love of Learning	Infant One Infant Two			
Achievement Level Two Inquiry and Discovery Standard One Standard Two Standard Three					
Achievement Level Three Taking Flight Standard Four Standard Five					

Table 4: Levels of the Primary system

The titles of each of the designated levels clearly denote the overarching goal for student learning at each stage. The subject specific outcomes for the various year levels evolve from these. The learning experiences throughout the three levels have been designed to articulate a smooth journey of growth, development, and learning, culminating in a well-rounded, independent learner, ready to embrace secondary education. There are a total of twenty six themes designed to organize all learning experiences through the three achievement levels. The curriculum begins in the Infant year levels with a very strong integrated, thematic approach to learning, and progressively introduces subject areas as discrete organizers of that learning by

Standards Four and Five. While the higher primary year levels have more subject area learning they are not without thematic organization. At those levels, the themes become broader, more complex and challenging, while the nine core subject areas emerge in prominence. This design decision was made to facilitate a smooth and seamless transition from primary into secondary education.

The targeted achievements for all students at the end of each of these three levels are succinctly summarized in Table 5. These attributes are the foundation for all learning interactions in and out of the classroom.

Table 5: Learning Level Achievements

Level 1: Love of Learning Infants 1- Infant 2	Level 2: Enquiry & Discovery Standard 1- Standard 3	Level 3: Taking Flight Standard 4- Standard 5
At the end of this level, students will:	At the end of this level, students will:	At the end of this level, students will:
Be able to communicate needs, ideas, and	Be able to engage in reflection before	Apply healthy interpersonal communication
emotions.	communicating needs, ideas and emotions.	skills to enhance learning, and general interaction.
Make choices to solve simple, personal	To develop thoughtful solutions to problems that	Demonstrate some capacity to pose, as well as
problems.	occur in interaction with others.	solve problems.
Engage learning imaginatively.	Produce imaginative responses to learning problems.	Demonstrate both sequential and connective
		thinking when encountering problems.
Work with others co-operatively.	Create new meanings through teamwork and	Exhibit some leadership qualities in both

Level 1: Love of Learning Infants 1- Infant 2	Level 2: Enquiry & Discovery Standard 1- Standard 3	Level 3: Taking Flight Standard 4- Standard 5
At the end of this level, students will:	At the end of this level, students will:	At the end of this level, students will:
	collaboration.	learning and social contexts.
Begin to consider the importance of diet, exercise and hygiene.	Practise healthy lifestyle habits	Demonstrate sufficient knowledge of the human body to make healthy lifestyle choices consistently.
Demonstrate basic courtesy in relationship to others.	Observe positive social norms and behaviours.	Achieve a well-rounded sense of self and how to contribute productively to a group.
Recognise that working and playing safely protects everyone.	Demonstrate the ability to temper personal behaviour, in order to contribute to a safe environment for all.	Demonstrate some ability to foresee potentially unsafe behaviours in self and others.
Demonstrate joy in learning.	Demonstrate curiosity and a sense of adventure in conducting simple investigations.	Exhibit the satisfaction that accrues from engagement in learning.
Show sufficient self-confidence to engage in learning and social activities	Through growing self-esteem and initiative, begin to develop their own voice and demonstrate a sense of empowerment	Display self-reliance when working independently.
Behave respectfully toward the environment under supervision.	Understand that individual actions contribute to the environmental health of both local and national communities.	Recognise the symbiotic relationship between self and environment and acknowledge in behaviour that every action has a consequence.
Gather information	Gather, organise and present information	Process information.
Use technologies under supervision.	Explore technology purposefully and safely.	Find and employ technology for particular ends.
Understand the concept of past, present and future.	Explore the past and make connections with the present.	Imagine the future.
Demonstrate fair and equitable play habits.	Understand that social interaction requires giving as well as taking.	Become actively involved in issues involving social justice.

Clearly, students will experience a curriculum that engages and challenges them in a variety of ways that are particularly relevant to their social, political, and economic growth and development in the

information age of the twenty-first century. This primary curriculum seeks to expose and fulfill the potential of each child and to affirm the unique identity and character of the citizenry of Trinidad and Tobago.

COMPONENTS OF THE PRIMARY CURRICULUM

The new primary curriculum comprises three documents that are intended to provide necessary information and support to our public.

Curriculum Guides in 9 subject areas are provided. These specify what is to be learnt by students in an ordered, developmentally appropriate sequence in the form of learning outcomes. Learning outcomes are further categorized as related to the acquisition of Content, or the development of Skills or Dispositions. Further guidance is provided in an Elaboration statement to specify the breadth and depth of what is to be taught and assessed, so that there is a standardized approach to teaching and assessment across the country.

For Teachers' use, a **Teacher's Guide** has been developed. This document provides an overview of the pedagogical practices embraced by the new curriculum, summary descriptions of the themes selected as the vehicle for the teaching and learning material as well as the 5 considerations that are infused throughout the curriculum- Literacy, Numeracy, Assessment for Learning, Differentiated Instruction and Infusion of Information and Communication Technologies (ICTs).

For further support of teachers, an **Instructional Toolkit** has been developed. Within this document, detailed plans of work, samples of activities and rubrics for implementation by teachers are provided. Thematic Unit plans which bring to outcomes from several subjects as well as Learning or Lesson Plans, together with sample activities and rubrics are provided. Learning plans that suggest interesting methods for teachers to address core subject-specifics concepts and skills are also included. At the initial stages of implementation of this curriculum that seeks to transform teaching and learning, abundant samples are provided for teachers. These may be implemented directly or may serve as guides for teachers' development of their own thematic units and lessons. As implementation takes place, opportunities will be provided for teachers to provide their own creative and original approaches to these themes and topics within the toolkit.

TIMETABLE

Within the framework of the new primary curriculum, there are some important notions about the new primary timetable which ought to be specified. These are that:

- 9 subject areas are represented (Mathematics, English Language Arts, Science, Social Studies, Visual and Performing Arts; Physical Education, Agricultural Science, Values, Character and Citizenship Education and Spanish). HFLE and ICT are infused throughout the subjects.
- 50% of the time is dedicated to ELA and Mathematics, which include Literacy and Numeracy components and are considered to be priority at the lower primary. The other 50 % of the time is to be dedicated to the other 7 subjects. The curriculum documents reflect that balance, so that as outcomes specified

- for each year level are covered, the balance of time for subjects is maintained.
- A combination of Thematic Units which combine several subject areas and subject specific core skills are to be taught (as in the Instructional Toolkit). Core skills may be done in preparation for a theme, during a theme or following a theme.
- The timetable is flexible and will be detailed on a weekly basis as teacher's plan for the week is developed. The teacher selects which core skill lessons and which thematic lessons are to be taught each week and presents this in the weekly forecast and evaluation plan.
- In any given week, core skills for any or all subject areas may be taught. One possible illustration of what this may look like is given below:

MON	TUE	WED	THURS	FRI
ТНЕМЕ	E CORE SKILLS CORE SKILLS THEME (MATH) (SOCIAL STUDIES) THEME	THEME		
	THEME		CORE SKILLS (SPANISH)	CORE SKILLS (AGRI.SCI)
CORE SKILLS (SOCIAL STUDIES)	THEME	THEME	THEME	THEME
CORE SKILLS (VAPA)		CORE SKILLS (ELA)	CORE SKILLS (PHYS. ED)	

Table 6: Sample Timetable

Subject Rationale

What is VCCE?

Values, Character and Citizenship Education (VCCE) is a sequenced set of learning experiences designed to help the student grow, develop and master values and concepts that are relevant for a 21st century caring, responsible citizen of our interdependent world. Values, Character, and Citizenship education inculcates in students positive dispositions valued by society. These dispositions empower them to

make informed moral decisions, to be responsible and caring citizens and to practise socially helpful behaviour. Values, Character, and Citizenship Education incorporates beliefs and attitudes which contribute positively to the enrichment of the culture in which an individual resides and extends to the global community.

Key Terms in VCCE

Disposition: A tendency to act in a specific way

Values: Important and lasting beliefs or ideals shared by the

members of a culture about what is *good* or *bad*, and desirable or undesirable. These core beliefs guide and

motivate attitudes and actions.

Character: The inherent attributes that determine a person's moral

and ethical actions and reactions.

Citizenship: The right and responsibility to work and live in a

community and to participate in social and political life.

Why Study Character Education?

Trinidad and Tobago is a rapidly growing society affected by global trends in technology, corporate life, and ever-increasing mobility and communication. As a result the family, school, community and country have seen traditional values strained.

To facilitate the development in every young person the basic characteristics of *trustworthiness*, *respect*, *responsibility*, *fairness*, *caring and citizenship* requires an intentional approach to teaching and

learning. These attributes are not only taught but required as part of the whole learning environment within the school and classroom. Such a program must be multidimensional to help students as citizens to think and act in ways that preserve and respect our heritage and protect our future. While enjoying a range of rights and privileges, a concomitant sense of identity and responsibility must be developed. The family, school and community must partner to address these challenges.

How is the VCCE Structured?

Teaching and learning these six key characteristics in a well-designed Character Education programme can follow the T.R.A.M. approach.

TEACH - Tell children that their character counts — that their success and happiness will depend on who they are inside, not what they have or how they look. Tell them that people of character know the difference between right and wrong because they guide their thoughts and actions by six basic rules of living.

REINFORCE - Instil the six pillars of character by rewarding good behaviour (usually, praise is enough) and by discouraging all instances of bad behaviour by imposing (or, in some cases, allowing others to impose) fair, consistent consequences that prove you are serious. **ADVOCATE** - Continuously encourage children to live up to the Six

Pillars of Character in all their thoughts and actions. Don't be neutral about the importance of character or casual about improper conduct. Be clear and uncompromising that you want and expect students to be trustworthy, respectful, responsible, fair, caring, and good citizens.

MODEL - Be careful and self-conscious about setting a good example in everything you say and do. Everything you do and don't do, sends a message about your values. Be sure your messages reinforce your lessons about doing the right thing even when it is hard to do so. When

you slip, act the way you want your students to behave when they act improperly — be accountable, apologize sincerely, and resolve to do better.

Primary School Curriculum

Values Character and Citizenship Education (VCCE)

Infants 1

V.C.C.E: INFANT 1				
CONTENT	SKILLS	DISPOSITIONS	OUTCOMES	ELABORATIONS
Students will:			•	
Building trust through honesty			1. Demonstrate a basic understanding of "honesty" and	• Define orally, the terms in 1-2 simple sentences (1.1.1)
1.1.1 Define in their own words what is meant by the terms "honesty" and "dependability".			"dependability".	• Recognise acts from within a classroom or playground context that are associated with these values. (2.1.1)
2.1.1 Recognise honesty in the classroom and on the playground.				
			2. Give simple justifications for acting honestly and dependably.	• Describe orally, in 1-2 simple sentences two benefits to be derived from behaving honestly and dependably at school or play. (3.1.1)
Building Relationships of Trust				
3.1.1 Discuss the importance of honesty and dependability while at school or play.	3.2.1Communicate their thoughts and feelings confidently and competently.	3.3.1 Display honest behaviour.	3. Act honestly and dependably	• Tell the truth as best (s) he knows it. (3.3.1)

V.C.C.E: INFANT 1				
CONTENT	SKILLS	DISPOSITIONS	OUTCOMES	ELABORATIONS
Students will:				
Building relationships of trust			3. Act honestly and dependably. ¹	• Strive to complete assigned tasks well and on time (4.3.1)
4.1.1 Determine the benefits of encouraging peers to engage in trustworthy behaviour.	4.2.1 Critically analyse and evaluate age appropriate dilemmas.	4.3.1 More consistently exhibit dependable behaviours.		• Consistently do what is required for group tasks.(4.3.1)
ochaviour.	4.2.2 Question themselves to determine most appropriate responses in	4.3.2 Be consistently courageous in their interactions.	4. Encourage others to behave honestly and dependably	• Remind colleagues of the benefits to be derived from behaving honestly and dependably.(4.1.1, 4.3.2)
	given situations.		5. Determine appropriate responses to agelevel dilemmas	 State his or her dilemma in simple, clear terms.(3.2.1) Develop simple checklist for determining when assistance is needed. (4.2.1, 4.2.2) Seek advice from an 'honest' and 'dependable' adult
				(parent, relative or teacher) if necessary. (4.2.2)
Understanding fairness: Fair and unfair actions			6. Demonstrate a basic understanding of "fairness"	• Define orally in 1-2 simple sentences the term "fairness". (5.1.1)

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 $^{^{1}}$ This statement has been repeated from p. 25 to facilitate referencing.

V.C.C.E: INFANT 1				
CONTENT	SKILLS	DISPOSITIONS	OUTCOMES	ELABORATIONS
Students will:				·
5.1.1 Define in their own words the term "fairness".	5.2.1 Differentiate between fair and unfair actions.			 Distinguish fair acts from unfair acts.(5.2.1) Describe orally in 1-2
6.1.1 Name the characteristics of a fair person.	6.2.1 More consistently question themselves to determine if their actions are fair.			sentences, 2-3 characteristics of a fair person. (6.1.1)
	6.2.2 Think through possible outcomes of actions before making decisions.			
Understanding fairness: Fair and unfair actions			7. Give simple justifications for behaving fairly	• Explain in simple terms 1-2 benefits of treating others fairly.(7.1.1)
7.1.1 Explain in their own words the importance of playing fairly.	7.2.1 Negotiate (fairly) with others during group activities.	7.3.1 Play fairly with others.		• Use verbal and non-verbal forms to illustrate the benefits

V.C.C.E: INFANT 1				
CONTENT	SKILLS	DISPOSITIONS	OUTCOMES	ELABORATIONS
Students will:				
	 7.2.2 Illustrate the benefits of fair play. (See Toolkit) 7.2.3 Recommend ways in which the opinions of others can be made known. 	7.3.2 Remain more open minded in new or challenging situations.	8. Play fairly with others	 Await appointed turn patiently (without fretting). (7.3.1) Set criteria/rules which all players can fulfil when planning for games.(7.3.1) Invite input/ideas from all players. (7.2.1) Listen willingly and respectfully to the views of others. (7.2.1, 7.2.3, 7.3.1, 7.3.2)
Understanding fairness: Fair and unfair actions	6.2.1 More consistently question themselves to determine if		9. Consider what should be done to be fair in given situations	 Use self-questioning to determine what would be fair in a given instance. (6.2.1) Do a mental walkthrough of intended action and possible outcomes before making decisions. (I wonder what

V.C.C.E: INFANT 1				
CONTENT	SKILLS	DISPOSITIONS	OUTCOMES	ELABORATIONS
Students will:	,	,	1	
	their actions are fair.			would happen if?) (6.2.2)
	6.2.2 Think through possible outcomes of actions before making decisions.			• Describe 2-3 means that can be used to capture the opinions of others. (7.2.3)
	7.2.3 Recommend ways in which the opinions of others can be made known. ²			
Concept of Respect 8.1.1 Define the term "respect" using age appropriate language.			10. Demonstrate understanding of the term "respect"	 Define orally in 1-2 simple sentences the term "respect". (8.1.1) Describe orally 2-3 ways in which words or actions can be
9.1.1 Begin to understand that respect is communicated	9.2.1 Communicate their thoughts and	9.3.1 Interact courteously with others.		used to display or communicate respect for self and others (peers, relatives,

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² The statements in italics above are repeated here from pp. 27 & 28 to make referencing easier

V.C.C.E: INFANT 1				
CONTENT	SKILLS	DISPOSITIONS	OUTCOMES	ELABORATIONS
Students will:	•			
in verbal and non-verbal ways.	feelings peaceably.			teachers and other adults). (9.1.1, 12.1.1)
	9.2.2 Respond appropriately to non-verbal cues.	9.3.2 Be tolerant of others who are different from them.	11. Demonstrate respect for self and others	 Follow verbal instructions given by parents and teachers. (9.1.1) Follow instructions given by parents or teachers via nonverbal signals (Finger on lips, open hand pointed to a seat, etc.). (9.2.2)
Concept of Respect		 9.3.1 Interact courteously with others. 9.3.2 Be tolerant of others who are different from them.³ 	11. Demonstrate respect for self and others	 Express disagreement or discontent in a moderate tonewithout threats, violent language or action.(9.2.1) Use appropriate courtesies and terms of reference (Sir, Miss, etc.) when addressing or speaking of peers and adults.(9.3.1, 9.3.2, 11.3.1) Work and play well with children from a variety of

 $^{^3}$ The statements in italics above are repeated here from p. 29 & 30 to make referencing easier

V.C.C.E: INFANT 1				
CONTENT	SKILLS	DISPOSITIONS	OUTCOMES	ELABORATIONS
Students will:				
Self-respect 10.1.1 Recognise that they deserve to be treated well. Respect for Others 11.1.1 Recognise that others are as important as they are. 12.1.1 Name ways in which respect can be shown for others.	11.2.1 Act with sensitivity towards others.	11.3.1 Regularly use "terms" that show respect for others. E.g., "Good morning", "May I" Please," and "Thank you." 12.3.1 Treat others well in spite of differences (in opinion, appearance and/or status).		cultural backgrounds (i.e. regardless of ethnicity, socioeconomic status, degree of 'exceptionality') (9.3.2, 11.1.1, 11.2.1, 12.3.1) • Firmly but politely correct others who are impolite to them or who ill-treat them (i.e. say unkind things to them). (10.1.1) • Report to a 'safe' adult anyone who touches them in an 'inappropriate' way or threatens to hurt them. (10.1.1)
Care for self and others- 1) Health & Safety 2) Compassion 13.1.1 Define the terms caring, empathy and hygiene.	13.2.1 Practise personal hygiene in their everyday lives.	13.3.1 Display a sense of empathy towards peers and others.	11. Demonstrate a basic understanding of the term "Caring"	 Define orally in 1-2 simple sentences the terms "caring", "empathy" and "hygiene". (13.1.1) Describe orally 2-3 characteristics of a caring person. (14.1.1)
	13.2.2 Discuss ways in			•Cite 2-3 ways in which they

V.C.C.E: INFANT 1				
CONTENT	SKILLS	DISPOSITIONS	OUTCOMES	ELABORATIONS
Students will:				
 14.1.1 Describe the characteristics of a caring person. 15.1.1 Describe ways in which persons achieve emotional and physical health and well-being. Care for self and others- 1) Health & Safety 2) Compassion 	which they show empathy for people at home, at school and while at play. 13.2.1 Practise personal hygiene in their everyday lives. ⁴	15.3.1 Use positive language to refer to themselves.	12. Demonstrate a basic understanding of the term "Caring"	can keep their bodies clean and healthy- a) Regular baths b) wearing clean clothing c) hand washing d) brushing teeth at least twice a day e) eating healthy snacks and balanced meals. (15.1.1) • Describe orally, through drama or drawing 2-3 ways in which care for self and others can be demonstrated (i.e. pay attention to safety and emotional well-being). (13.2.2, 15.1.1, 16.1.1, 17.1.1) • Describe orally, through drama or drawing 2-3 ways in which care for self and others can be demonstrated (i.e. pay attention to safety and emotional well-being). (13.2.2, 15.1.1., 16.1.1, 17.1.1) • Detail orally, through drama or drawing one (1) way in which

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 $^{^{4}}$ The statements in italics above are repeated here from p. 31 to make referencing easier.

V.C.C.E: INFANT 1				
CONTENT	SKILLS	DISPOSITIONS	OUTCOMES	ELABORATIONS
Students will:		-		
16.1.1 Describe ways in which people show that they care for others.		16.3.1 Respond appropriately to others who may be in need.		to 1) "Be a friend to others" and 2) "make the classroom a caring community". (17.1.1, 18.1.1)
17.1.1 Express ways in which they and others can make the classroom a caring community.				• Attempt to keep clothing clean and presentable. (13.2.1)
18.1.1 Begin to understand what is meant by the expression "Be a friend to others".			13. Care for themselves and others	 Wash hands after using the washroom, after playing and before eating. (13.2.1) Be kind to others and themselves. (13.3.1, 15.3.1)
Care for self and others- 1) Health & Safety 2) Compassion			13. Care for themselves and others	 Play safely. (15.1.1,16.1.1) Console and comfort others who may have been hurt or who may be sad.(13.3.1, 16.3.1)
		13.3.1 Display a sense of empathy towards peers and others.		• Assist others who are in need of help. (16.3.1)
15.1.1 Describe ways in which persons achieve		15.3.1 Use positive		

V.C.C.E: INFANT 1				
CONTENT	SKILLS	DISPOSITIONS	OUTCOMES	ELABORATIONS
Students will:			•	
emotional and physical health and well-being.		language to refer to themselves.		
16.1.1 Describe ways in which people show that they care for others.		16.3.1 Respond appropriately to others who may be in need. ⁵		
Understanding Responsibility 19.1.1 Define the term "responsibility".			14. Demonstrate a basic understanding of the term "responsibility".	• Define orally in 1-2 simple sentences the term "responsibility". (19.1.1, 24.1.1, 25.1.1) ⁷
20.1.1 Describe the characteristics of a responsible person.	20.2.1 Differentiate between responsible and irresponsible behaviour.			• Describe orally, through drama or drawing the characteristics of a responsible person. (20.1.1, 20.2.1, 26.1.1)

⁵ The statements in italics above are repeated here from pp. 14 & 15 to make referencing easier

⁷ See the "Content" columns on pp. 20-22 for statements 24.1.1, 25.1.1 and 26.1.1. respectively

V.C.C.E: INFANT 1				
CONTENT	SKILLS	DISPOSITIONS	OUTCOMES	ELABORATIONS
Students will:				
21.1.1 Name and describe responsibilities of persons at home, at school and within the community. > Parents and siblings > Principal, teachers, cleaners, security guard(s) > Garbage collector, maintenance worker, postman, community police, CEPEP workers and religious leaders.		21.3.1 Appreciate the work done at home by parents and siblings. 21.3.2 Show appreciation for the work done by persons on the school compound and in the wider community.		 Name two (2) responsibilities that adults from within 1) the home 2) the school 3) the community may have. (21.1.1) State 1-2 ways in which to appreciate the work done by others. (21.3.1, 21.3.2)
Understanding Responsibility 22.1.1 Begin to understand why they should behave responsibly in all their surroundings.	22.2.1 Justify the need for acting responsibly. 22.2.2 Co-operate in	22.3.1 Honour commitments made. 22.3.2 Act responsibly 1) in a variety of contexts 2) without supervision.	14. Demonstrate a basic understanding of the term "responsibility". 6	 Recognise that obeying rules is being responsible. (22.2.3) Describe two (2) responsibilities children have while 1) at home and 2) at school (in the classroom and on the playground). (23.1.1, 25.1.1, 26.1.1)⁸

⁶ This statement is repeated from the previous page to make referencing easier.
⁸ See the "Content" columns on pp. 37-38 for statements 23.1.1, 25.1.1 and 26.1.1 respectively. See too the "Skills" column on p. 22 for statements 26.3.1 and 26.3.2

	V.C.C.E: INFANT 1				
CONTENT	SKILLS	DISPOSITIONS	OUTCOMES	ELABORATIONS	
Students will:					
	group tasks. 22.2.3 Report concerns about irresponsible behaviour to appropriate persons. 22.2.4 Encourage others to take responsibility at home and at school	22.3.3 Work cooperatively with others during group activities.22.3.4 Work responsibly in teams to solve problems.	15. Give simple justifications for behaving responsibly.	 State 2-3 benefits of behaving responsibly. (22.1.1, 22.2.1, 23.2.1, 23.2.3, 23.2.4) Infer, from given scenarios, 1-2 possible consequences for behaving irresponsibly. (26.3.1, 26.3.2) 	
Understanding Responsibility 22.1.1 Begin to understand why they should behave responsibly in all their surroundings.	22.2.1 Justify the need for acting responsibly. 22.2.2 Co-operate in group tasks. 22.2.3 Report concerns about irresponsible	22.3.1 Honour commitments made. 22.3.2 Act responsibly 1) in a variety of contexts 2) without supervision. 22.3.3 Work cooperatively with others during	i. Fulfil responsibilities. ii. Assume responsibility. iii.Respond responsibly to challenges. iv. Accept consequences of irresponsible action.	 Complete school and home assignments on time. (22.3.1, 22.3.2) Work to complete assigned tasks in group activities well and on time. (22.2.2, 22.3.2, 22.3.3, 22.3.4) Inform the teacher when others fail to act responsibly during group tasks. (22.2.3) 	

	V.C.C.E: INFANT 1				
CONTENT	SKILLS	DISPOSITIONS	OUTCOMES	ELABORATIONS	
Students will:					
	behaviour to appropriate persons. 22.2.4 Encourage others to take responsibility at home and at school ⁹	group activities. 22.3.4 Work responsibly in teams to solve problems.		• Voluntarily do tasks that will cause individual and group assignments to be completed well and on time. (22.2.4, 22.3.2, 22.3.4, 23.2.2, 25.3.3)	
Understanding Responsibility 23.1.1. Know that families and	23.2.1 Justify why	23.3.1 Obey home, school	16. Act responsibly: i.Fulfil responsibilities. ii. Assume	• Voluntarily do tasks that will cause individual and group assignments to be completed well and on time. (22.2.4,	
schools have rules.	families and schools have rules.	and safety rules.	responsibility. iii.Respond responsibly to	22.3.4, 22.3.2, 23.2.2, 25.3.3)]	
	23.2.2 Take part in making class rules.	23.3.2 Start to demonstrate safe habits.	challenges. iv. Accept consequences of	Obey rules.(23.3.1)Choose safe spaces and	
	23.2.3 Discuss why rules help them	23.3.3 Discuss feelings honestly.	irresponsible action. ¹⁰	activities for work and play. (23.3.2)	

 $^{^{9}}$ The statements in italics above have been repeated from the previous page to make referencing easier. 10 The statements in italics above have been repeated from pp. 25 & 26 to make referencing easier.

V.C.C.E: INFANT 1				
CONTENT	SKILLS	DISPOSITIONS	OUTCOMES	ELABORATIONS
Students will:				
	keep safe.			
	23.2.4 Discuss rules.			
24.1.1. Begin to understand that a responsibility can be for an individual or for a group.				
Understanding Responsibility 25.1.1 Know that sometimes you can be asked to be responsible for a task and at other times you can volunteer.	25.2.1 Observe situations and respond appropriately 25.2.2 Start to develop critical thinking skills	 25.3.1 Volunteer to do a task when necessary. 25.3.2 Take leadership actions when appropriate 25.3.3 Make decisions and judgements for the 	16. Act responsibly: i.Fulfil responsibilities. ii. Assume responsibility. iii.Respond responsibly to challenges. iv. Accept consequences of irresponsible	 Evaluate situations so as to determine what would be the most responsible course of action to undertake. (25.2.1, 25.2.2, 25.2.3, 25.2.4, 25.2.5) Volunteer time and talent at home and school. (25.3.1, 25.3.2)
	25.2.3 Think creatively and reason	good of the group and the completion	action. ¹¹	

These statements have been repeated from p. 19 to make referencing easier.

V.C.C.E: INFANT 1				
CONTENT	SKILLS	DISPOSITIONS	OUTCOMES	ELABORATIONS
Students will:		-		1
	logically.	of a task.		
	25.2.4 Make informed decisions. 25.2.5 Form conclusions.			
Understanding Responsibility 26.1.1 Begin to understand that when they do not act responsibly they should not try to blame others but should face the consequences of their actions.		 26.3.1 Face consequences for choices made or for acting irresponsibly. 26.3.2 Accept responsibility for their actions 	16. Act responsibly: i.Fulfil responsibilities. ii. Assume responsibility. iii.Respond responsibly to challenges. iv. Accept consequences of irresponsible action. 12	• Face consequences without argument or grumbling. (26.3.1, 26.3.2)

This statement has been repeated from p. 37 to make referencing easier.

V.C.C.E: INFANT 1				
CONTENT	SKILLS	DISPOSITIONS	OUTCOMES	ELABORATIONS
Students will:				
Citizenship: Rights 27.1.1 List some of the basic rights of the child.	27.2.1 Defend their rights and the rights of others.	27.3.1 Be considerate of others.	17. Demonstrate a basic understanding of behaviours that should be displayed by a 'good' citizen.	 State three (3) of the rights to which children are entitled.(27.1.1) Speak out against acts that threaten their rights and the rights of others. (27.2.1, 27.3.1)
Citizenship: Nationhood 28.1.1 Recognise symbols of nationhood. 28.1.2 Recite the National Pledge and the National Anthem.	28.2.1 Respond appropriately to the playing of the National Anthem or the recitation of the National Pledge.	28.3.1 Portray a sense of national pride.28.3.2 Communicate positively about symbols of nationhood.		 Recognise images of the National Flag, National Flower, National Birds and Coat of Arms. (28.1.1) Stand at attention for the playing of the National Anthem and for the reciting of the National Pledge. (28.1.2, 28.2.1, 28.3.1) Speak with pride about the National Emblems. (28.3.1,

V.C.C.E: INFANT 1				
CONTENT	SKILLS	DISPOSITIONS	OUTCOMES	ELABORATIONS
Students will:				
29.1.1 Identify the President and the Prime Minister.		29.3.1 Demonstrate healthy curiosity about local affairs.		 Recognise images of the President and the Prime Minister. (29.1.1) Ask questions about national events. (29.3.1)

	V.C.C.E.: INFANTS 1 GLOSSARY			
Trustworthiness	Being worthy of another's trust or confidence.			
Trustworthiness	When someone thinks you are trustworthy, they believe that they can depend on you to tell the truth and to do what you say you will do.			
Fairness	Dealing objectively (and impartially) with challenging situations.			
	When you are fair you take turns, you play by the rules and you listen to what others have to say.			
Respect	Acknowledging the inherent dignity and worth of every person.			
	When you respect yourself, you treat yourself well. When you respect others, you treat them as you would like to be treated.			
Caring	Feeling and showing concern and empathy for others. Having compassion.			
	When you care for yourself you do things to stay safe and healthy. When you care for others you do things to make them feel good about themselves.			
Responsibility	Responsibility is the characteristic that is based on obligation. A person who is responsible: obeys home, school and safety rules, uses self-control, is dependable, makes informed decisions.			
Citizenship	Citizenship involves three interrelated concepts: Moral and Social Responsibility, Community Involvement and Political Literacy.			
	A good citizen knows what (s)he can do, what (s)he should do and what (s)he must do.			

Primary School Curriculum

Values Character and Citizenship Education (VCCE)

Infants 2

V.C.C.E: INFANTS 2				
CONTENT	SKILLS	DISPOSITIONS	OUTCOMES	ELABORATIONS
Students will:				
Building trust through honesty: 1.1.1 Define the terms "honesty" and "loyalty" in their own words		1.3.1 Display honesty and loyalty in their interactions with others.	1. Demonstrate a basic understanding of the terms "honesty" and "loyalty".	• Define orally in 1-2 simple sentences the terms "honesty" and "loyalty". (1.1.1)
2.1.1 State reasons why he or she should not cheat or steal.	2.2.1 Determine the response that is most appropriate in given situations.2.2.2 Communicate their opinions truthfully yet tactfully.	2.3.1 Exhibit behaviours that make others trust them even when there is no apparent/immediate reward.	 Give simple justifications for behaving trustworthily. Act trustworthily 	 State 2-3 reasons for not cheating or stealing. (2.1.1) Explain (orally) in 1-2 simple sentences two (2) reasons for chosen responses to given situations. (2.2.1) Use the property of others only after getting explicit permission to do so.(1.3.1, 2.3.1)
				• Submit found items to

V.C.C.E: INFANTS 2				
CONTENT	SKILLS	DISPOSITIONS	OUTCOMES	ELABORATIONS
Students will:				
Building trust through honesty:	2.2.2 Communicate their opinions truthfully yet tactfully.	2.3.1 Exhibit behaviours that make others trust them even when there is no apparent/immediate reward. ¹⁴	3. Act trustworthily	 their respective owners or the teacher. (2.3.1) Comply with rules and instructions during games, competitions and tests. (2.3.1)
Building trust through loyalty to family 3.1.1 Recognise that some family information can		3.3.1 Exercise prudence and discretion in divulging information about family.		• Tell the truth- Relate experiences without 'embellishments' and share opinions without using language that is hurtful. (2.2.2, 2.3.1)
be shared while some should be kept to themselves.				• Differentiate between private information and information that can be shared.(3.1.1, 3.3.1)
The effects of being unfair 4.1.1 Describe characteristics of an open minded person.		4.3.1 Be open-minded about the views of others before making a final judgement.	4. Demonstrate a basic understanding of "fairness".	• Describe orally in 1-2 simple sentences, the behaviours displayed by an open minded person. (4.1.1)

 $^{^{\}rm 14}\text{Statements}$ in italics above have been repeated from the previous page for ease of reference.

V.C.C.E: INFANTS 2				
CONTENT	SKILLS	DISPOSITIONS	OUTCOMES	ELABORATIONS
Students will:				
Acting fairly/Fairness in social interaction			4. Demonstrate a basic	 ➢ Don't judge/label others based on past experience with persons who had similar appearance, level of physical ability or level of performance in class. ➢ Be willing to listen to the views of others. ◆ Delineate orally, in writing, through drama or drawing, 2-3
5.1.1 Suggest ways in which they can show fairness to others.		5.3.1 More consistently treat others fairly.	understanding of "fairness" ¹⁵	ways in which fairness to others, the differently abled and senior citizens can be displayed. (5.1.1)
6.1.1 State in their own		5.3.2 Develop an awareness of the challenges faced by senior citizens and the differently abled.	5. Give simple justifications for behaving fairly	 Evaluate situations in which they or others have been treated unfairly to determine the best way to respond. (7.1.1, 7.2.1) Devise and use a mental checklist of 2-3 questions

This statement is repeated from the previous page for ease of reference

V.C.C.E: INFANTS 2				
CONTENT	SKILLS	DISPOSITIONS	OUTCOMES	ELABORATIONS
Students will:				
words the possible consequences of treating others unfairly.				 to determine best course of action. State 2-3 consequences of being unfair to others. (6.1.1)
7.1.1 List ways in which they can respond to situations in which they are being treated unfairly.	7.2.1 Respond appropriately to situations in which others are being treated unfairly.			being unitair to others. (6.1.1)
Acting fairly/Fairness in social interaction		 4.3.1 Be open minded about the view of others before making a final judgement. 5.3.1 More consistently treat others fairly 5.3.2 Develop an awareness of the challenges faced by senior citizens and the differently abled. 	6. Act fairly	 Listen to the views of others before making decisions. (4.3.1) Seek to include others in games and activities. (5.3.1, 5.3.2) Organise self-initiated activities in ways that allow peers with challenges to experience success. (5.3.1, 5.3.2) Speak out against unfair
				 Speak out against unfair treatment of peers during

V.C.C.E: INFANTS 2					
CONTENT	SKILLS	DISPOSITIONS	OUTCOMES	S ELABORATIONS	
Students will:					
	7.2.1 Respond appropriately to situations in which others are being treated unfairly. ¹⁶			playground activities. (7.2.1)	
Respond in a respectful manner to conflict 8.1.1 List amicable ways of responding to conflict. 9.1.1 State ways in which they can disagree respectfully with peers.	8.2.1 Determine most amicable solutions to disagreements9.2.1 Negotiate with peers to derive win-win solutions.	8.3.1 Display an increased level of self-restraint when angry or upset.	7. Demonstrate basic understanding of the ways in which respect for self and others can be displayed during conflicts and other interactions.	 Describe orally in 1-2 simple sentences effective ways of remaining respectful during disagreements. (8.1.1, 9.1.1) Use words that help when talking about concerns. (10.1.1) Avoid 'physical action' as a response. Suggest 2-3 criteria that can be used to determine the most 	
10.1.1 Differentiate between words that hurt and words that help.				 used to determine the most amicable response in given situations. (8.2.1) Recognise personal boundaries and boundaries that indicate the 'personal space' of other persons. (11.1.1) 	

Statements in italics above have been repeated from pp. 28 & 29 to facilitate referencing.

V.C.C.E: INFANTS 2					
CONTENT	SKILLS	DISPOSITIONS	OUTCOMES	S ELABORATIONS	
Students will:					
Respect: Personal Space and Public Space					
11.1.1Distinguish between their personal space and that of another person.		11.3.1 Demonstrate respect for the personal space of others.		• Describe orally, in writing, through drama or drawing two (2) ways in which the rights of others can be respected while using public spaces. (12.1.1)	
Respond in a respectful manner to conflict		8.3.1 Display increased level of self-restraint when angry or upset.	7. Demonstrate	Speak in a moderate tone and use non-aggressive and non-	
	9.2.1 Negotiate with peers to derive		basic understanding of the ways in which respect	 dismissive language when talking out 'problems.' (8.3.1) Invite others to share their views on a matter. (9.2.1) 	
Respect: Personal Space	win-win solutions. ¹⁷		for self and others can be displayed during conflicts	 Listen to the views of others when trying to resolve conflicts. (9.2.1) 	
and Public Space 12.1 1Describe appropriate conduct for public		12.3.1 Act in ways that respect others while in public spaces.	and other interactions.	 Maintain respectful (appropriate) distances when 	

¹⁷ Statements in italics have been repeated to make referencing easier.

V.C.C.E: INFANTS 2					
CONTENT	SKILLS	DISPOSITIONS	OUTCOMES	S ELABORATIONS	
Students will:					
Respect: Personal Space and Public Space		 11.3.1 Demonstrate respect for the personal space of others. 12.3.1 Act in ways that respect others while in public spaces. 18 	8. Behave respectfully during interactions	 Speaking with others. (11.3.1) Consider the rights of others when using commonly shared spaces (public spaces). (12.3.1) Avoid activities that would disturb the peace or interrupt the activities of others. 	

¹⁸ Statements in italics have been repeated from previous pages to make referencing easier.

V.C.C.E: INFANTS 2					
CONTENT	SKILLS	DISPOSITIONS	OUTCOMES	S ELABORATIONS	
Students will:			_		
			8. Behave respectfully during interactions		
Care for school, home and the community. 13.1.1 Define the term			9. Demonstrate a basic understanding of the term	 Describe orally in 1-2 sentences the term "caring". (13.1.1) Describe orally, in writing, 	
"caring". 14.1.1 List ways to show concern for self and others.			"caring"	through drama or drawing 2-3 ways of showing concern for 1) themselves 2) others and 3) their immediate environment (a. the classroom, b. the school compound and c. the environs of the community). (14.1.1, 15.1.1)	
15.1.1 Suggest ways in which they can show care for their classroom, school and immediate environment.		15.3.1 Participate in class discussions.15.3.2 Respect and care for the environment.		• Recommend orally, in writing, through drama or drawing 3-4 ways in which persons can feel safe and happy. (16.1.1, 17.1.1) ²⁰	
Consideration for others at home, school and the environment				• Speak positively of themselves and others. (16.1.1)	

 $^{^{20}}$ See the "Content" column on p. 52 for statement 17.1.1

	V.C.C.E: INFANTS 2					
CONTENT	SKILLS	DISPOSITIONS	OUTCOMES	ELABORATIONS		
Students will:			T			
16.1.1 List ways to be considerate of others at home, school and work. Consideration for others at home, school and the environment 16.1.1 List ways to be considerate of others at home, school and work. 19		16.3.1 Show concern for the needs of self and others.16.3.2 Encourage others to be kind and considerate in their everyday conduct.	9. Demonstrate a basic understanding of the term "caring"	 Recommend orally, in writing, through drama or drawing 3-4 ways in which persons can feel safe and happy Work and play safely (avoid activity that can cause injury). (17.1.1) Help others who are in need. (16.1.1) Speak in a conversational tone or whisper while others work.(16.1.1) Work and play safely. (17.2.1) Obey safety rules. (16.3.1) 		
17.1.1 Through role-play demonstrate ways in which they can care for themselves and others.	17.2.1 Model behaviours that would keep themselves and others safe.		10. Show concern for self, others and the environment.			

Text in italics above has been repeated to make referencing easier.

V.C.C.E: INFANTS 2				
CONTENT	SKILLS	DISPOSITIONS	OUTCOME	S ELABORATIONS
Students will:				
Care for school and the community.		15.3.1 Participate in class discussions.	10. Show concern for self, others and the environment.	 Help others. (17.2.2, 17.3.1) Avoid wastage of resources. (15.3.1, 15.3.2)
Consideration for others at		15.3.2 Respect and care for the environment.		• Encourage others to be kind to each other, to avoid littering and to clean up after
home, school and in the environment	17.2.1 Model behaviours that would keep them and others safe. ²¹	16.3.2 Encourage others to be kind and considerate in their everyday conduct		themselves. (16.3.2, 17.2.1)
	17.2.2 Differentiate acts of kindness from acts of unkindness.	17.3.1 Exhibit kindness in varied contexts with relatives, peers and others		
Concept of Responsibility			11. Demonstrate a	Describe orally, in writing,
18.1.1 Begin to understand that being responsible means doing what you			understanding of what constitutes	through drama or drawing 3-4 behaviours that can be labelled as responsible. (18.1.1, 19.1.1, 20.1.1, 22.1.1, 23.1.1, 26.1.1) Keep commitments and
18.1.1 Begin to understand that being responsible	acts of	relatives, peers and	basic understanding of what	•

²¹ Text in italics above has been repeated from previous pages to make referencing easier.

V.C.C.E: INFANTS 2					
CONTENT	SKILLS	DISPOSITIONS	OUTCOMES	ELABORATIONS	
Students will:					
19.1.1 Begin to understand the value of doing things when they ought to be done.			behaviour.	promises. (18.1.1) Meet deadlines. (19.1.1) Take care of personal belongings. (20.1.1) Exercise self-control. (22.1.1) Be disciplined- exercise patience and diligence.	
20.1.1 Demonstrate an understanding that taking care of one's belongings is responsible behaviour.				(23.1.1) > Use their resources and classroom resources constructively. (24.1.1, 25.1.1)	
	21.2.1 Justify the need for rules in families and schools.			 Describe orally, in writing, through drama or drawing 3-4 behaviours that can be labelled as responsible. Keep personal space tidy.(26.1.1) 	
Concept of Responsibility 22.1.1 Understand that	21.2.2 Follow instructions.			• Define orally in 1-2 simple sentences the terms "resource", "resourceful" and "self-discipline". (23.1.1,	
controlling one's emotions is responsible behaviour.	22.2.1 Express themselves in an appropriate manner in various situations.	22.3.1 Use self-control in various situations.22.3.2 Behave respectfully towards others.	11. Demonstrate an understanding of what constitutes responsible	24.1.1, 25.1.1)	

V.C.C.E: INFANTS 2					
CONTENT	SKILLS	DISPOSITIONS	OUTCOME	S ELABORATIONS	
Students will:					
	22.2.2 Control emotions in conflicting situations.	22.3.3 Encourage others to respect one another.	behaviour.	• Explain orally in 1-2 simple sentences the ways in which rules help persons to behave responsibly. (21.2.1, 23.2.1)	
23.1.1 State in their own words what self-discipline is.	23.2.1 Justify the need for self - discipline.	23.3.1 Show self –discipline		• Cite 1-2 benefits of self-discipline. (23.2.1)	
24.1.1 Explain that resources are those things we have that help us meet our needs in life.	24.2.1 Learn how to manage their resources	24.3.1 Manage and take care of their resources.		• Follow (legitimate) instructions from parents, teachers and other authorised persons (prefects, coaches, trainers, etc.). (21.2.2)	
Concept of Responsibility			12. Give simple justifications for behaving responsibly	• Control emotions in various situations. (22.2.1, 22.2.2, 22.3.1, 22.3.2)	
	21 2 2 Follow instructions	22.3.1 Use self-control in various situations	12. Give simple	• Encourage others to behave in ways that do not worsen problems. (22.3.3)	
	22.2.1 Express themselves in an appropriate manner in	22.3.2 Behave respectfully towards others 22.3.3 Encourage others to	justifications for behaving responsibly.	• Do as expected even in the absence of supervision (23.3.1)	

V.C.C.E: INFANTS 2					
CONTENT	SKILLS	DISPOSITIONS	OUTCOMES	ELABORATIONS	
Students will:					
	various situations	respect one another			
	22.2.2 Control emotions in conflicting situations	23.3.1 Show self-discipline	13. Behave responsibly		
	23.2.1 Justify the need for self-discipline				
Concept of Responsibility	24.2.1 Learn how to manage their resources. ²³	24.3.1 Manage and take care of their resources.	13. Behave responsibly	• Use personal resources and items from within the classroom productively. (24.2.1, 24.3.1, 25.2.1)	
25.1.1 Begin to understand what it means to be resourceful	25.2.1 Create an item to store resources.			• Tidy up work area after activities- return materials to their rightful places; dispose of garbage in the recommended manner. (26.3.1)	
26.1.1 Demonstrate an	26.2.1 Participate in ongoing clean-up	26.3.1 Keep personal space clean and tidy.		• Assist with activities that will preserve the environment or community. (26.2.1)	

²² Text in italics has been repeated from the previous page for ease of reference.
²³ The statements in italics above are repeated from previous page for ease of reference.

V.C.C.E: INFANTS 2					
CONTENT	SKILLS	DISPOSITIONS	OUTCOMES	S ELABORATIONS	
Students will:			T		
understanding that keeping the environment clean is responsible behaviour.	project at school, home and in the class.			• Offer suitable assistance to any person who is in need of help. (27.3.1)	
		27.3.1 Help others even if they are not their friends.			
Citizenship: Rights vs.			14. Demonstrate an	• Describe orally, in writing,	
Responsibilities 28.1.1 Match their rights to their responsibilities. Citizenship: Becoming involved		28.3.1 Through their behaviour, demonstrate an understanding of the basic rights of the child.	understanding of behaviours displayed by a good citizen	through drama and drawing 2-3 of the rights to which children are entitled and their attendant responsibilities. (28.1.1) • Defend their rights and fulfil their responsibilities to the best of their abilities. (28.3.1)	
invoivea				• Pagamand anally in whiting	
29.1.1 Describe ways in which they can make the school and community better.	29.2.1 Report on ways in which they can make their school and community better.	29.3.1 Participate in community activities.		• Recommend orally, in writing, through drama or visual art 2-3 ways in which children can contribute to the improvement of their school and community. (29.1.1, 29.2.1, 29.2.2)	
	29.2.2 Communicate their ideas via various forms of			Participate and encourage	

V.C.C.E: INFANTS 2					
CONTENT	SKILLS	DISPOSITIONS	OUTCOMES	ELABORATIONS	
Students will:					
Citizenship: Becoming involved	media. Compose simple jingles. Dramatise scenarios. Create sequences of movement. 29.2.2 Communicate their ideas via various forms of media Compose simple jingles Dramatise scenarios Create sequences of movement. **The compose in the compose simple in the	29.3.1 Participate in community activities	14. Demonstrate an understanding of behaviours displayed by a good citizen	others to participate in community building activities at school and within the community via use of a variety of print and electronic media. (29.2.2, 29.3.1) Recognise images of their respective Local Government Representative and Member of Parliament.(30.1.1) Recognise the name of their respective local government representative and Member of Parliament when written or spoken. (30.1.1)	
Citizenship: Nationhood					

²⁴ Statements in italics above have been repeated from previous page make referencing easier.

V.C.C.E: INFANTS 2					
CONTENT	SKILLS	DISPOSITIONS	OUTCOMES	ELABORATIONS	
Students will:			•	·	
30.1.1 Identify their local					
government					
representative and					
respective Member of					
Parliament.					

	V.C.C.E.: INFANTS 2 GLOSSARY				
Trustworthiness	Trustworthiness: Being worthy of another's trust or confidence.				
	When you are trustworthy, others believe you are loyal and that they can depend on you to try always to say and do the right thing.				
Fairness	Fairness: Dealing objectively (and impartially) with challenging situations.				
	When you are fair you take turns, you play by the rules and you listen to what others have to say.				
Respect	Respect: Regard or concern for one's well-being and that of others.				
	When you respect yourself, you take good care of yourself. When you respect others, you treat them as you would like to be treated.				
Caring	Caring: Feeling and showing concern for self and empathy for others. Having compassion. Showing care for the environment.				
	When you are a caring person you do things to show concern. When you care for the environment you do things to keep the environment clean.				
Responsibility	Responsibility is the characteristic that is based on obligation. A person who is responsible: obeys home, school and safety rules, uses self-control, is self-disciplined, is dependable, makes informed decisions.				
Citizenship	Citizenship involves three interrelated concepts: Moral and Social Responsibility, Community Involvement and Political Literacy.				
	A good citizen knows what (s)he can do, what (s)he should do and what (s)he must do.				

Primary School Curriculum

Values Character and Citizenship Education (VCCE)

Standard 1

V.C.C.E: STANDARD 1				
CONTENT	SKILLS	DISPOSITIONS	OUTCOMES	ELABORATIONS
Students will:				
Trustworthiness: Building a good reputation 1.1.1Describe the	1.2.1 Purposefully	1.3.1 Display	1. Demonstrate a basic understanding of the following terms: good reputation, "community spirit" and dependability	 Define the key terms in 2-3 written simple sentences. (1.1.1, 2.1.1)²⁵ Recognise acts from within the home, school and community that
characteristics of a dependable person.	engage in reflection so as to recognise behaviours/habits they need to continue or discontinue in order to become a more dependable individual.	dependability on a more consistent basis.	2. Act dependably	 represent these values. (1.1.1, 2.1.2) Recommend ways in which community spirit can be built within the family, school and community. (2.2.1) Use journaling as a means to record and review actions. (1.2.1) Consider consequence of past action when making decisions. (1.2.1)
Trustworthiness:			1. Demonstrate a basic	 Complete assigned tasks on time and as required on a consistent basis. (1.3.1) Define the key terms in 2-3 written

²⁵ See the "Content" column on p. 63 for the statements 2.1.1, 2.1.2 and 2.2.1

V.C.C.E: STANDARD 1				
CONTENT	SKILLS	DISPOSITIONS	OUTCOMES	ELABORATIONS
Students will:				
Building a good reputation		1.3.1 Display dependability on a more consistent basis.	understanding of the following terms: good reputation, "community spirit" and dependability	• Recognise acts from within the home, school and community that represent these values. (1.1.1, 2.1.2)
Trustworthiness: Understanding social responsibility				• Recommend ways in which community spirit can be built within the family, school and community. (2.2.1) ²⁶
2.1.1 Define the term "community spirit".2.1.2 Describe ways in which they can contribute to the building of community spirit within the family, school and community.	2.2.1 Propose ways to build community spirit at home, at school and within the community		2. Act dependably	• Can be relied on to make positive contributions to classroom activities. (1.3.1)

²⁶ The statements in italics on this page have been repeated to facilitate referencing

V.C.C.E: STANDARD 1					
CONTENT	SKILLS	DISPOSITIONS	OUTCOMES	ELABORATIONS	
Students will:					
Being fair to those who may be challenged 3.1.1 State ways in which they can be open to the needs of those who may be "challenged" and/or	3.2.1 Communicate their thoughts about unjust acts.	3.3.1 Allow classroom colleagues, who may be 'challenged', to have	3. Demonstrate a basic understanding of the terms: "challenged/disadvantaged persons" and "unjust acts".	 Describe in 2- 3 written simple sentences the meaning of the key terms. (3.1.1, 3.2.1) Detail orally, in writing, through drama or Visual Art 2-3 means of being fair to persons who are disadvantaged or challenged. (3.1.1) 	
"disadvantaged". Fairness: Understanding the		opportunities to participate in classroom and playground activities. 3.3.2 Be sensitive and empathetic towards those who may be		 Evaluate the impact of unfair classroom and playground practices on those involved. (3.2.1) Use 2-3 self-developed criteria for making assessments. 	
 need for rules 4.1.1 List some classroom and playground rules 5.1.1 Justify and show respect for rules Being fair to those who 	4.2.1 Propose rules for the classroom and the playground	'challenged'.	4. Give simple justification for the existence of rules5. Act fairly and promote	• Explain 1-2 ways in which rules ensure that persons are treated fairly. (4.1.1, 5.1.1)	

V.C.C.E: STANDARD 1				
CONTENT	SKILLS	DISPOSITIONS	OUTCOMES	ELABORATIONS
Students will:				
may be challenges Fairness: Understanding the need for rules		3.3.1 Allow classroom colleagues, who may be 'challenged', to have opportunities to participate in classroom and playground activities. 3.3.2 Be sensitive and empathetic towards those who may be 'challenged'.27	fairness	 Treat others, regardless of differences, fairly-1) play by the rules, 2) include others in activities and 3) allow access to school and classroom facilities/resources. (3.3.1, 3.3.2, 5.1.1) Act on behalf of others to ensure that they are treated fairly. (3.3.1, 3.3.2) Recommend rules that would ensure that everyone has a fair chance during classroom and playground activities. (4.2.1)
5.1.1 Justify and show respect for rules.	4.2.1 Propose rules for the classroom and the playground.			
Respect for Authority			6. Demonstrate basic understanding of the terms	• Define in 1-2 written simple

²⁷ The statements. In italics on this page have been copied from p. 47 to make referencing easier

V.C.C.E: STANDARD 1				
CONTENT	SKILLS	DISPOSITIONS	OUTCOMES	ELABORATIONS
Students will:				
6.1.1 Explain why their parents, teachers, leaders, elders and persons in authority ought to be respected. Respect for cultural and religious diversity			"person in authority" and tolerance.	 sentences the key terms. (6.1.1) Describe orally and in writing 2-3 ways in which they can show respect for the religious and cultural practices of other citizens. (7.1.1)
7.1.1 State ways in which they can show respect for the cultural and religious practices of other citizens of Trinidad & Tobago.	 7.2.1 Demonstrate an understanding that all persons in spite of their background deserve respect. 7.2.2 More consistently manage their emotions while interacting with others. 	 7.3.1 Remain tolerant and open minded while interacting with others of different cultural and religious backgrounds. 7.3.2 Act with civility when interacting with others 	7. Give simple justification for respecting peers and adults.	• State two reasons why (peers and) adults should be respected (6.1.1)
Respect for cultural and religious diversity	7.2.1 Demonstrate an	7.3.1 Remain tolerant	7. Demonstrate basic understanding of the terms "person in authority" and tolerance.	• Describe three (3) ways in which respect for the national flag and other emblems can be shown. (8.1.1)

V.C.C.E: STANDARD 1					
CONTENT	SKILLS	DISPOSITIONS	OUTCOMES	ELABORATIONS	
Students will:					
	understanding that all persons in spite of their background deserve respect. 7.2.2 More consistently manage their emotions while	and open minded while interacting with others of different cultural and religious backgrounds. 7.3.2 Act with civility when interacting		 Keep the flag from touching the ground. Do not use the flag for decoration. Do not use the flag to hold or carry anything. 	
Respect for the National Emblems 8.1.1 Describe ways in	interacting with others.	with others. ²⁸	8. Demonstrate self-respect and respect for others.	• Address and respond to peers, parents, teachers, other adults and persons in authority courteously-use appropriate courtesies and terms of reference. (7.2.1, 7.3.2)	
which respect is shown for the national flag and other national emblems. Respect for cultural and religious diversity	7.2.1 Demonstrate an understanding	7.3.1 Remain tolerant and open minded while interacting with others of	8. Demonstrate self-respect and respect for others.	 Speak of the merits and value that other cultural and religious groups bring to the community. (7.2.1) Maintain pride in their cultural heritage. (7.2.1) Engage in healthy conversation with persons from other religious 	

²⁸ Statements in italics above are repeated from p. 66 for easy referencing

V.C.C.E: STANDARD 1				
CONTENT	SKILLS	DISPOSITIONS	OUTCOMES	ELABORATIONS
Students will:				
	that all persons in spite of their background	different cultural and religious backgrounds.		and cultural backgrounds. (7.2.2, 7.3.2)
	deserve respect. 7.2.2 More consistently manage their emotions while interacting with others.	7.3.2 Act with civility when interacting with others. ²⁹		• Disagree with the views of others without resorting to name-calling. (7.2.2, 7.3.1, 7.3.2)
9.1.1 Identify ways in which care for the country can be exhibited.		9.3.1 Display national pride.	9. Demonstrate a basic understanding of the terms: "national pride" and "nation building".	• Discuss in 4-5 sentences ways in which care for the country and for its citizens can be displayed. (9.1.1, 10.2.1) ³²
Caring for my Country 10.1.1 Explain ways in which they can contribute to the development of the country.	10.2.1 Research means through which care for others	10.3.1 Display kindness and empathy towards others	9. Demonstrate a basic understanding of the terms: "national pride" and "national building" 31	 Evaluate means suggested for developing the country. (10.1.1) Recommend appropriate means through which contributions can be made to the development of

Statements in italics have been repeated from p. 66 to make referencing easier

The statement in italics is repeated from the previous page.

V.C.C.E: STANDARD 1				
CONTENT	SKILLS	DISPOSITIONS	OUTCOMES	ELABORATIONS
Students will:				
	can be displayed at home, school and in their	who would have contributed to the development		Trinidad and Tobago by students of their age.(10.1.1)
	10.2.2 Organise assistance for others who may be in need of care and try to	of the country. 10.3.2 Volunteer and assist others.		• Cite work done by any two (2) Trinidadians and any two (2) Tobagonians to highlight means through which persons can contribute to national development. (9.1.1, 10.1.1)
	bring a sense of comfort to them.		10. Demonstrate care for the country and appreciate the contributions made by citizens.	• Detail in 2-3 sentences contributions made to the nation by at least one outstanding Trinidadian and at least one outstanding Tobagonian. (9.3.1)
Caring for my Country 10.1.1 Explain ways in which they can contribute to the development of the country	10.2.2 Organise assistance for others who may be in need of care and try to bring a sense of comfort to them	10.3.1 Display kindness and empathy towards others who would have contributed to the development of the country.	10. Demonstrate care for the country and appreciate the contributions made by citizens.	 Commit to developing their skills and abilities so as to be able to contribute to the development of the nation. (10.1.1) Celebrate senior citizens as persons who would have helped to develop Trinidad and Tobago. (10.3.1)

V.C.C.E: STANDARD 1				
CONTENT	SKILLS	DISPOSITIONS	OUTCOMES	ELABORATIONS
Students will:				
		10.3.2 Volunteer and assist others. ³⁰		• Volunteer to offer appropriate assistance to senior citizens in the community. (10.2.2, 10.3.1, 10.3.2)
Understanding Responsibility			11. Demonstrate a basic understanding of what constitutes responsible	• Describe in 2-3 sentences orally or in writing and through Visual Art ways in which a person can act
11.1.1 Understand that a	11.2.1 Work	11.3.1 Cooperate.	behaviour.	responsibly.
responsible	collaboratively			Live harmoniously with
citizen is a	with others.			others- 1) control emotions
citizen who lives	11.000	11.3.2 Display		in disputes, 2) co-operate
harmoniously	11.2.2 Recognise the	tolerance.		with others and 3) consider
with others.	benefits of			other people when engaging
Understanding	participating in groups.			in activities. (11.1.1, 11.2.1)
responsibility	groups.		11. Demonstrate a basic	• Describe in 2-3 sentences orally or in writing and through Visual
responsibility			understanding of what	Art ways in which a person can
16.1.1 Understand that			constitutes responsible	act responsibly
a responsible person	16.2.1 Research citizens		behaviour	Persist and persevere-
is persistent	and one			continue to work towards
	international			worthwhile goals in spite of
17.1.1 Explain that a	personality (e.g.			failure (cite an example of a
responsible person	sportsman) who			` '
is resourceful: 1)	showed			national who persevered to
Find solutions 2)	persistence and			support his point). (16.1.1,

³⁰ Statements in italics above have been repeated from previous pages to make referencing easier.

	V.C.C.E: STANDARD 1				
CONTENT	SKILLS	DISPOSITIONS	OUTCOMES	ELABORATIONS	
Students will:					
See value in objects, ideas and people 3)	achieved.			16.2.1)	
Make wise use of time, talent, energy and mind				➤ Use natural and man-made resources constructively. (17.1.1, 18.1.1, 18.2.1)	
18.1.1 State why citizens should preserve the environment.				➤ Use time wisely. (17.1.1)	
19.1.1 Suggest ways to live a healthy life	18.2.1 Report ways to preserve the environment ³³			Eat healthy foods, wash hands and exercise regularly. (19.1.1)	
Understanding			12. Explain the role rules	• Give simple explanation for rules	
Responsibility	11.2.1 Work collaboratively	11.3.1 Cooperate	play in helping persons behave responsibly.	that maintain harmony among people. (15.2.1)	
	with others	11.3.2 Display tolerance			
	11.2.2 Recognise the benefits of		13. Behave responsibly	• Co-operate with others to	

 $[\]overline{\,\,}^{33}$ The statements in italics have been copied from previous pages to make referencing easier

	V.C.C.E: STANDARD 1				
CONTENT	SKILLS	DISPOSITIONS	OUTCOMES	ELABORATIONS	
Students will:					
	participating in groups ³⁴			complete assigned tasks. (11.2.1. 11.2.2, 11.3.1, 11.3.2)	
12.1.1 Identify feelings. 13.1.1 Understand the	12.2.1 Learn ways to deal with emotions	12.3.1 Display the ability to exercise control over feelings and emotions. 13.3.1 Resolve		 Use appropriate vocabulary to label feelings and describe conflicts. (12.1.1, 13.1.1) Control emotions during conflict and other situations. (12.2.1, 12.3.1, 13.2.1,13.2.2, 13.3.1, 	
meaning of conflict.	 13.2.1 Recognise and value differences in others. 13.2.2 Practise self-discipline in conflicts. 	conflicts in an acceptable way to all involved. 13.3.2 Solve problems in different ways		13.3.2)	
Understanding responsibility			13. Behave responsibly	• Resist negative peer pressure.	
14.1.1 Consider the positive and				(14.1.1)	
negative effects of peer pressure.				• Accept consequences of personal choices. (15.1.1, 15.3.1)	
		15.3.1 Accept rewards		• Perseveres while problem solving	

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The statements in italics on this page were repeated from previous pages to make referencing easier. See the "Skill" column on p.73 for 15.2.1

	V.C.C.E: STANDARD 1				
CONTENT	SKILLS	DISPOSITIONS	OUTCOMES	ELABORATIONS	
Students will:	T		T		
15.1.1 Understand that rules have rewards and consequences.16.1.1 Understand that a responsible person is persistent.	15.2.1 Identify the purpose of rules that help people work together. 16.2.1 Research citizens and one international personality (e.g. sportsman) who showed persistence and achieved.	or consequences for their actions. 16.3.1 Show perseverance		or working on assigned tasks. (16.3.1, 17.2.1) ³⁵	
Understanding Responsibility 17.1.1 Explain that a responsible person is resourceful: 1) Find solutions 2) See value in objects, ideas and	17.2.1 Set a goal to achieve a task. 17.2.2 Make wise use of time.	17.3.1 Find value in something that was meant for another purpose.	13. Act responsibly ³⁶	 Make sound and responsible use of resources: Use personal property and classroom resources for their intended purposes. Avoid wastage Use time wisely (17.2.2) 	

³⁵ See the "Skills" column on p. 57 for statement 17.2.1)
³⁶ This statement has been repeated from p. 55 to make referencing easier.

V.C.C.E: STANDARD 1				
CONTENT	SKILLS	DISPOSITIONS	OUTCOMES	ELABORATIONS
Students will:				
people 3) Make wise use of time, talent, energy and mind.				Consider possible impacts/effects when using resources innovatively. (17.1.1, 17.3.1)
18.1.1 State why citizens should preserve the environment.19.1.1 Suggest ways to live a healthy life	18.2.1 Report ways to preserve the environment.	8.3.1.1 Engage in a project to preserve their environment.		• Participate in activities that preserve the environment-1) dispose of refuse properly, 2) close taps after use, 3) reduce, re-use and recycle everyday items, 4) participate in environmental projects. (18.3.1)
				• Assume more responsibility for those areas of personal health which they can manage. (19.1.1)
Citizenship: Rights vs. Responsibilities			14. Demonstrate a basic understanding of good citizenship	• Not only defends his rights and the rights of others but fulfils his responsibilities. (20.1.1, 20.1.2)
20.1.1 Differentiate between rights and responsibilities.20.1.2 Understand that with rights come responsibilities	20.2.1 Communicate their views/opinions on rights and responsibilities	20.3.1 Value the democratic system of government in Trinidad and Tobago.		 Discuss the importance of rights and responsibilities. (20.2.1) Cite the merits of the democratic system of government. (20.3.1)

V.C.C.E: STANDARD 1				
CONTENT	SKILLS	DISPOSITIONS	OUTCOMES	ELABORATIONS
Students will:	T	Τ		
Citizenship: Becoming involved 21.1.1 Describe ways in which they can become involved in nation building activities.		21.3.1 More willingly volunteer their time and talents to community activity		• Seek ways in which to help at home, in the classroom, within the school and within the wider community (21.1.1, 21.3.1)
Citizenship: Nation Building 22.1.1 State the ways in which their community plays a part in nation building 23.1.1 Describe the benefits of	22.2.1 Share the value of their community with others		14. Demonstrate a basic understanding of good citizenship. ³⁷	 Identify the positive contributions made to the nation by individuals and organisations from within their community (22.1.1) Speak with pride of their community and the country. (22.2.1) Evaluate the role played by voluntary organisations within the

³⁷ This statement is repeated from p. 58 to make referencing easier.

V.C.C.E: STANDARD 1				
CONTENT	SKILLS	DISPOSITIONS	OUTCOMES	ELABORATIONS
Students will:				
involved in voluntary organisations such as 4H, Brownies, Scouts, etc.				• Detail 2-3 benefits that volunteerism and voluntary organisations bring to the nation. (23.1.1)

Trustworthiness	Trustworthiness: Being worthy of another's trust or confidence.				
210000000000000000000000000000000000000					
	When you are trustworthy, others believe that they can depend on you to try always to say and do the right thing.				
Fairness	Fairness: Dealing objectively (and impartially) with challenging situations.				
	When you are fair you consider the needs of others when making decisions.				
Respect	Respect: Regard or concern for one's well-being and that of others.				
	We show respect for persons and their culture in order to build and maintain healthy relationships.				
Caring	Caring: Feeling and showing concern and empathy for others. Having compassion.				
	When you are a caring person you do things to contribute to the well-being of others.				
Responsibility	Responsibility is the characteristic that is based on obligation. A person who is responsible:				
	obeys home, school and safety rules				
	• uses self-control				
	• is self-disciplined				
	 is dependable makes informed decisions 				
	 shows perseverance 				
Citizenship	Citizenship involves three interrelated concepts: Moral and Social Responsibility, Community Involvement and Political Literacy.				

Primary School Curriculum

Values Character and Citizenship Education (VCCE)

Standard 2

	V.C.C.E.: STANDARD 2				
CONTENT	SKILLS	DISPOSITIONS	OUTCOMES	ELABORATIONS	
Students will:					
Trustworthiness & Diplomacy 1.1.1 Define the terms	1.2.1 Choose appropriate	1.3.1 More readily	1. Demonstrate a basic understanding of "discretion", "tact"	• Define the key terms in 2-3 simple sentences. (1.1.1, 2.1.1, 1.3.1)	
"discretion" and "tact".	words to express their thoughts and feelings.	exercise discretion in stating or	and loyalty.	 Describe one (1) way in which tact can be exercised. (2.1.1) Determine in which situations loyalty is 	
2.1.1 Begin to	2.2.1 Assess the implications of	expressing their views.		to be limited. (4.1.1)	
understand that diplomacy involves the use of discretion.	decisions before taking action			• Describe 2-3 ways in which to deepen the confidence persons place in them. (5.1.1)	
Building trust through loyalty			2. Behave trustworthily.	• Tell the truth but carefully select the words, time and place for sharing	
3.1.1 Define the term "loyalty"				thoughts and feelings. (1.2.1, 1.3.1)	
4.1.1 Begin to	4.2.1 Use knowledge of what is considered			• Consistently think through possible outcomes before acting. (2.2.1)	
understand that there are limitations to loyalty.	good, fair and right to determine to whom primary loyalty should be given.			• Create a personal checklist of 4-5 items which can be used to determine the right thing to do in probable situations. (4.2.1)	
			1. Demonstrate a		

V.C.C.E.: STANDARD 2				
CONTENT	SKILLS	DISPOSITIONS	OUTCOMES	ELABORATIONS
Students will:			•	
Building trust by doing the right thing 5.1.1 Recognise that in order to be trustworthy they should always try to do the right thing.			basic understanding of "discretion", "tact" and loyalty. ³⁸	• Describe 2-3 ways in which to deepen the confidence persons place in them. (5.1.1)
Being fair to others 6.1.1 Describe ways in which consideration can be shown to others during recreational activities.	 6.2.1 Critically analyse situations to determine the best possible solution to dilemmas. 6.2.2 Consider multiple perspectives before making recommendations. 	6.3.1 Consider the impact of their behaviour on others during recreational activities.	3. Demonstrate a basic understanding of fairness.	 • Illustrate through writing, drama or visual representation 2-3 ways in which consideration can be shown for others during recreational activities. (6.1.1) • Describe 2-3 ways in which to be fair to all persons involved in disagreements. (6.2.1, 6.2.2)

³⁸ Statements in italics were repeated from the previous page to make referencing easier.

	V.C.C.E.: STANDARD 2				
CONTENT	SKILLS	DISPOSITIONS	OUTCOMES	ELABORATIONS	
Students will:					
Social Justice: Consider consequence of unfair practices			3. Demonstrate a basic understanding of fairness.	• Recommend 2-3 ways in which to assist peers who have been treated unfairly during playground and classroom activities. (7.2.1.)	
7.1.1 State some of the consequences of	6.2.2 Consider multiple perspectives before making recommendations.	6.3.1 Consider the impact of their behaviour on others during recreational activities.	4. Give simple justification for acting fairly.	• Infer possible consequences of not giving all citizens equal access to resources and opportunities. (7.1.1)	
not giving citizens equal access to resources and opportunities.	7.2.1 Recommend practicable courses of action that can be undertaken to counteract the effects of social injustice		5. Act fairly	 Strive to be fair to others during leisure activities. (6.3.1) Remind others of the need to be fair while engaging in activities. (6.2.2, 6.3.1) 	
Respect for property 8.1.1 Begin to deepen their understanding of the term "property"			6. Demonstrate a basic understanding of the terms: property, sustainability and "respect for the environment".	• Define in 1-2 written sentences the terms "property" and "sustainability". (8.1.1, 11.2.1)	

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³⁹ The statements in italics have been repeated from previous pages to make referencing easier. See the "Skills" column on p. 83 for statement 11.2.1

V.C.C.E.: STANDARD 2				
CONTENT	SKILLS	DISPOSITIONS	OUTCOMES	ELABORATIONS
Students will:				•
Respect for law and order	9.2.1 Justify the need for individuals to interact respectfully with each other	9.3.1 Communicate their opinions respectfully.	7. Demonstrate a basic understanding of the terms: property, sustainability and "respect for the environment".41	Describe 2-3 ways in which respect for the environment can be displayed. (11.1.1)
10.1.1 Give reasons why persons should respect laws governing property rights, access to public places and community resources.		10.3.1Consistently demonstrate respect for the property of others (e.g., avoid praedial larceny)	8. Give simple justifications for respectful exchanges between persons	 Cite 2-3 benefits of respecting others while conversing, working or playing. (9.2.1) Deduce 2-3 consequences of failing to respect others while conversing, working or playing together.(9.2.1)
Respect for the environment	11.2.1 Examine the ways			• Cite 2-3 benefits of respect for law. (10.1.1)
11.1.1Describe ways in which respect for the environment can be demonstrated.	in which respect can boost environmental sustainability.	11.3.1 Consistently demonstrate respect for the natural and man-made		

The statement in italics above has been repeated from the previous page to facilitate referencing.

V.C.C.E.: STANDARD 2				
CONTENT	SKILLS	DISPOSITIONS	OUTCOMES	ELABORATIONS
Students will:			•	
Respect for law and order Respect for the environment	11.2.1 Examine the ways in which respect can boost environmental sustainability.	9.3.1 Communicate their opinions respectfully. 10.3.1 Consistently demonstrate respect for the property of others (e.g., avoid praedial larceny) 11.3.1 Consistently demonstrate respect for the natural and man-made environment ⁴⁰	8. Display respect for self, others and the environment	

The statements in italics above have been repeated from the previous page to facilitate referencing.

V.C.C.E.: STANDARD 2				
CONTENT	SKILLS	DISPOSITIONS	OUTCOMES	ELABORATIONS
Students will:				
Caring for the Environment 12.1.1 Describe the importance of caring for the land at home, school and in the community.	12.2.1 Express ideas that contribute to the enhancement of the environment. 12.2.2 Create a brainstorm map showing ways in which they can contribute to the preservation of the		9. Demonstrate a basic understanding of "caring".	 Describe 2-3 ways in which care for the land, air and water can be demonstrated. (13.1.1) Recommend at least one (1) solution to a given environmental issue- (1) flooding, 2) landslides, 3) smog, 4) build-up of debris/pollutants in water resources). (12.2.2) Evaluate methods selected for caring for the land. (12.2.2, 13.1.1)
	environment.		10. Give simple justification for caring for the land.	 Cite 2-3 benefits of caring for the land. (12.1.1, 13.2.1) Infer 2-3 possible consequences of failing to care for the land. (12.1.1, 13.2.1)⁴²
			11. Care for the land, air and water	• Suggest ways in which to preserve the environment. (12.2.1)

⁴² See the "Content" and "Skills" columns on p. 85 for statements 13.1.1 and 13.2.1

V.C.C.E.: STANDARD 2				
CONTENT	SKILLS	DISPOSITIONS	OUTCOMES	ELABORATIONS
Students will:	T		1	
Caring for and Valuing the renewable/non- renewable resources available in the			11. Care for the land, air and water	 Avoid littering and dumping of refuse in waterways (12.2.2) Use only as much of a resource as is necessary to complete a given task. (13.3.1)
country 13.1.1 Demonstrate an understanding of ways in which respect and care for the natural environment (land, air and water) can be shown.	13.2.1 Illustrate the impact of conservation practices and neglect of resources in the country through various forms of media.	13.3.1 More consistently use resources wisely.		
	14.2.1 Listen critically to the contributions of others.	14.3.1 Display acts of compassion, perseverance, forgiveness, responsibility and		

	V.C.C.E.: STANDARD 2					
CONTENT	SKILLS	DISPOSITIONS	OUTCOMES	ELABORATIONS		
Students will:						
		commitment.				
Responsibility: Cleanliness 15.1 1Summarize that untidiness affects everyone Self-Discipline		15.3.1 Keep area and personal things/self-clean and tidy. 15.3.2 Take part in an environment project.	12. Demonstrate a basic understanding of responsibility	 Describe in 2-3 written sentences responsible behaviours. For example: Keep personal space clean and tidy. (15.3.1) Contribute to the upkeep of the environment- Beautify and keep clean. (15.3.2) Be active and helpful. (15.3.2) Be resourceful-use everyday items in new ways to solve problems. (17.2.1) Manage tasks well. (18.2.1)⁴³ 		
	16.2.1 Learn to control emotions 17.2.1 Use their	16.3.1 Model self-discipline. 17.3.1 Solve problems and display creativity.	13. Act responsibly	 Describe in 2-3 written sentences possible consequences of "untidiness" (15.1.1) Control emotions- Voice discontent calmly, refrain from physical aggression when displeased. (16.2.1) 		
	resourcefulness to solve problems and create objects.	17.3.2 Adopt habit of resourcefulness.		• Do what is expected willingly. (16.3.1)		

 $^{^{\}rm 43}$ See the "Skills" column on p. 87 for statement 18.2.1

V.C.C.E.: STANDARD 2				
CONTENT	SKILLS	DISPOSITIONS	OUTCOMES	ELABORATIONS
Students will:	T	·	1	
Self-Discipline	17.2.1 Use their	17.3.1 Solve problems	13. Act responsibly	• Reduce, reuse (constructively) and recycle items so as to preserve the
	resourcefulness to solve problems and	and display creativity.		environment. (17.2.1, 17.3.1, 17.3.2)
	create objects.	17.3.2 Adopt habit of resourcefulness ⁴⁴ .		• Sequence assigned tasks so as to have them done on time and as required. (18.2.1)
	18.2.1 Make a time management plan.	18.3.1 Work on goals.		• Set at least one (1) personal goal. (18.3.1)
Citizenship: Rights vs. Responsibilities			14. Demonstrate a basic understanding of	• Compare and contrast 2-3 rights and associated responsibilities. (19.1.1)
19.1.1 Differentiate between rights and privileges.			good citizenship.	• Describe orally, in writing, through drama, song or Visual Art 2-3 rights guaranteed to citizens of Trinidad & Tobago. (20.1.1)
20.1.1 List some of the rights guaranteed to citizens of Trinidad & Tobago.		20.3.1 More consistently consider the rights of others when making		 Develop and use a 2-3 item checklist in order to avoid infringement of the rights of others when making decisions. (20.3.1)

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⁴⁴ The statements in italics have been repeated from the previous page to make referencing easier.

V.C.C.E.: STANDARD 2				
CONTENT	SKILLS	DISPOSITIONS	OUTCOMES	ELABORATIONS
Students will:		·		
		decisions.		
Citizenship: Rights vs. Responsibilities			14. Demonstrate a basic understanding of	• Describe orally, in writing, through song or Visual Art the basic needs of every human (21.1.1).
21.1.1 Recognise that each citizen has a right to a Standard of Living that is adequate to the health and well- being of himself and his family. 22.1.1 Recognise that citizens have a responsibility to become self- sufficient.		22.3.1 Use their time and talent wisely.22.3.2 Display positive attitudes to learning.	good citizenship. ⁴⁵	Food
		22.3.3 Make full use of opportunities provided to learn.		

⁴⁵ This statement is repeated here to facilitate referencing.

	V.C.C.E.: STANDARD 2				
CONTENT	SKILLS	DISPOSITIONS	OUTCOMES	ELABORATIONS	
Students will:	T	T	T	T	
Citizenship: Nation Building	23.2.1 Recognise that citizens have a role to play in Local Government.		14. Demonstrate a basic understanding of good citizenship. 46	 Recommend and assist in ventures geared to support community members. (24.1.1, 24.2.1, 24.3.2) Support members of the community as they attempt to become self-sufficient. (24.3.1) 	
24.1.1 Describe ways in which they can help, support and bring a sense of comfort to those who are in need of assistance.	24.2.1 Undertake simple initiatives to help persons in need.	24.3.1 Give appropriate support to the efforts of others to seek self-improvement 24.3.2 Be of comfort to those in need.			

⁴⁶ This statement is repeated from previous pages to make referencing easier.

V.C.C.E.: STANDARD 2 GLOSSARY				
Trustworthiness	Trustworthiness: Being worthy of another's trust or confidence.			
	When you are trustworthy, others believe you are loyal and that they can depend on you to try always to say and do the right thing.			
Fairness	Fairness: Dealing objectively (and impartially) with challenging situations.			
	When you are fair you consider the needs of others when making decisions.			
Respect	Respect: Regard or concern for one's well-being and that of others.			
	We can show respect for others, by taking care of the environment and obeying the laws of the land.			
Caring	Caring: Feeling and showing concern and empathy for others. Having compassion.			
	When you are a caring person you do things to maintain a safe and healthy environment for yourself and others.			
Responsibility	Responsibility is the characteristic that is based on obligation. A person who is responsible:			
	obeys home, school and safety rules			
	• uses self-control			
	• is self-disciplined			
	 is dependable makes informed decisions 			
	 shows perseverance. 			
	Shows perseverance.			
Citizenship	Citizenship involves three interrelated concepts: Moral and Social Responsibility, Community Involvement and Political Literacy.			
	A good citizen knows what (s)/he can do, what (s)he should do and what (s)he must do.			

Primary School Curriculum

Values Character and Citizenship Education (VCCE)

Standard 3

V.C.C.E.: STANDARD 3				
CONTENT	SKILLS	DISPOSITIONS	OUTCOMES	ELABORATIONS
Students will:				
Trustworthiness: Prioritizing Loyalty 1.1.1 Begin to understand that they need to prioritize their loyalties.		1.3.1 Use knowledge of what is considered good, fair and right to determine to whom primary	Demonstrate deepening understanding of loyalty and moral courage	 Define the term "courage". (2.1.1) Describe 1-2 ways in which loyalty is displayed. (1.1.1) ➤ Be present when needed for support or assistance. ➤ Speak well of persons or entity to whom loyalty is owed.
Courage		loyalty should be given.		• Distinguish between loyalty owed to pairs of the following persons 1) family, 2) friends, 3) classmates, 4) schoolmates and fellow citizens. (1.1.1, 1.3.1)
2.1.1 Define in their words what is meant by the term "courage".3.1.1 Begin to understand the need to be courageous in helping others.	3.2.1 Communicate the importance of sincerity and candour in building and maintaining trust.			 Determine to whom primary loyalty is owed by using 2-3 established criteria to assess a given situation. (1.1.1) Is it fair to all concerned? Is it the right thing to do? (Will I break any rules/laws by doing this?) If I don't speak or act what are some of the things that could happen? (1.3.1) Tell the truth even when it is difficult to do so. (3.1.1, 3.2.1) Cite 2-3 benefits of 1) sincerity and 2) candour (3.2.1)

V.C.C.E.: STANDARD 3				
CONTENT	SKILLS	DISPOSITIONS	OUTCOMES	ELABORATIONS
Students will:			I	
Fairness: Suspending Judgement 5.1.1 Begin to understand that information should be assessed before judgements are made.	 5.2.1 Develop a repertoire of at least three problem solving strategies. 5.2.2 Use appropriate sources of information to deliberate on matters before making decisions. 	4.3.1 Practice being fair towards others. 5.3.1 Display a willingness to delay judgment until having gathered and evaluated relevant information. (Children are less inclined to be hasty in responding to situations in which conflict arises.)	2. Demonstrate a deepening understanding of fairness.3. Act fairly	 Determine steps that can be taken to arrive at the fairest course of action in a given situation. (5.2.1) State 2-3 possible consequences of failing to assess information before making a judgement. (5.1.1) Make fair decisions- Habitually gather and interpret relevant information before making decisions. (4.3.1, 5.1.1, 5.2.2) Delay judgement until after hearing all sides of a story or until sufficient applicable data has been gathered. (4.3.1, 5.1.1, 5.3.1)

V.C.C.E.: STANDARD 3				
CONTENT	SKILLS	DISPOSITIONS	OUTCOMES	ELABORATIONS
Students will:		I	1	1
Respect for our Caribbean Neighbours 6.1.1 Describe ways in which respect can be shown for persons from other Caribbean states.	6.2.1 More consistently critique their actions for the purpose of improving their behaviour and attitudes.	6.3.1 Demonstrate a healthy respect for persons from other Caribbean states despite their varied cultural practices.	4. Demonstrate a deepening understanding of respect. 5.Respect Caribbean neighbours	 Describe ways in which respect can be shown for persons from other Caribbean nations. (6.1.1) Discuss matters related to "protocols":
Becoming a Caring			6. Demonstrate	• Detail 2-3 ways in which oceans

V.C.C.E.: STANDARD 3				
CONTENT	SKILLS	DISPOSITIONS	OUTCOMES	ELABORATIONS
Students will:	l		I	
7.1.1 Recognise that the oceans around us help to sustain life.	7.2.1 Create action plans in harmony with abilities, interests and beliefs to protect the ocean from	7.3.1 Be more willing to engage in activity that promotes sustainability of ocean life.	growing awareness of the importance of oceans and of the need to care for them.	sustain life: (7.1.1) Provide a habitat for living organisms; Pay a significant role in the hydrological cycle and Act as food source for living organisms.
8.1.1 Describe ways in which they can show care for the ocean and its resources on a sustained basis.	over exploitation through the use of various media.	7.3.2 Cooperate in group activities.		 Describe orally, in writing, through drama, visual art and ICT 3-4 ways in which children can demonstrate care for the ocean: (8.1.1) Avoid indiscriminate dumping of refuse (particularly the disposal of garbage in waterways); Engage in restoration efforts- e.g. Become involved in 1) shoreline and waterfront clean-up drives 2) removal of wrecked ships and Advocate for conservation practices within firms and communities e.g., 1) community marches 2) newsletters 3) creation of blogs.
Becoming a Caring	7.2.1 Create action plans in harmony with abilities,	7.3.1 Be more willing to	7.Care for the Ocean.	• Initiate and participate in activities that promote care for the ocean. (7.2.1, 7.3.1, 7.3.2)

V.C.C.E.: STANDARD 3				
CONTENT	SKILLS	DISPOSITIONS	OUTCOMES	ELABORATIONS
Students will:			ı	
Caribbean Citizen	interests and beliefs to protect the ocean from over exploitation through the use of various media. ⁴⁷ 9.2.1 Initiate plans to show care for others beyond our borders. 10.2.1 Participate in activities planned to assist persons (in need).	engage in activity that promotes sustainability of ocean life. 7.3.2 Cooperate in group activities. 9.3.1 Be willing to volunteer assistance to persons in the Caribbean region.	8. Develop interest in welfare of persons beyond our shores	 Describe 3-4 of the social issues plaguing the Caribbean: Drug abuse School drop outs Street children Vagrancy Poverty Child Labour/Abuse Human trafficking Lack of access to education and health care services. Recommend 2-3 ways in which help can be given to persons plagued by social issues. (9.2.1) Participate or support efforts to assist persons challenged by social issues. (9.3.1, 10.2.1)
Social Responsibility			9. Demonstrate	Distinguish between group and
11.1.1 Explain why they	11.2.1 Develop a	11.3.1 Collaborate with	deepening understanding of the	individual responsibilities. (12.2.1) ➤ Itemise two (2) distinguishing
should behave	personal	others.	term responsibility.	characteristics of group and

 $[\]overline{^{47}}$ The statements in italics have been repeated from previous pages to facilitate referencing.

V.C.C.E.: STANDARD 3				
CONTENT	SKILLS	DISPOSITIONS	OUTCOMES	ELABORATIONS
Students will:			L	
responsibly at all times	responsibility checklist. 11.2.2 Respond appropriately in situations where responsibility is necessary. 12.2.1 Classify responsibility as either group or individual tasks. 13.2.1 Argue that all individuals must do their part for group responsibility to be effective.	13.3.1. Influence others to do their part in a task.		 individual responsibility. Determine tasks for which they are responsible at home, at school and within the community. (11.2.1) Develop 2-3 criteria for determining when and in what way they should assume responsibility for tasks. (11.2.2) Share ideas and make valid contributions to group activities. (11.3.1) Delineate 1-2 ways in which rules help persons to behave responsibly. (14.1.1)⁴⁸
Responsibility: Rules 14.1.1 Understand that rules	14.2.1 Examine some		10. Give simple justifications for behaving	• Describe three (3) benefits of behaving responsibly. $(11.1.1, 13.2.1)^{50}$

 $^{^{\}rm 50}$ See the "Content" and "Skills" column on p. 96 for statements 11.1.1, 13.2.1 and 13.3.1

V.C.C.E.: STANDARD 3					
CONTENT	SKILLS	DISPOSITIONS	OUTCOMES	ELABORATIONS	
Students will:					
help them to be responsible.	consequences for being irresponsible 1) at home 2) at School 3) in the community		responsibly	 Describe three (3) consequences of being irresponsible: 1) At home 2) At school 3) In the community. (11.1.1, 14.2.1) 	
	15.2.1 Consider the importance of making informed choices.16.2.1 Read and follow decision making steps to solve a problem.	15.3.1 Demonstrate the ability to make a decision.		 Develop and use 2-3 point arguments to convince others to act responsibly. (13.3.1) Delineate two (2) benefits of making informed decisions and two (2) consequences of failing to do so. (15.2.1) 	
			11.Demonstrate understanding of the importance of making responsible	• Use at least one (1) decision-making strategy to arrive at best possible decisions in given situations. (15.3.1, 16.2.1)	
Responsibility: Rules	17.2.1 Discuss the steps in making a decision.		decisions	• Discuss in 6-8 lines the steps that can be taken to arrive at sound decisions. (15.3.1, 17.2.1)	

V.C.C.E.: STANDARD 3					
CONTENT	SKILLS	DISPOSITIONS	OUTCOMES	ELABORATIONS	
Students will:					
	18.2.1 Follow the correct procedure or guidelines to ensure safety at all times. 19.2.1 Discuss bullying. 19.2.2 Identify feelings associated with being bullied.		12. Acknowledge responsibility for personal safety	 Follow safety procedure/guidelines governing: Use of classroom resources- e.g., scissors and pencils; Placement of furniture and personal property in relation to exits and access ways Use of playground facilities. (18.2.1) 	
			13. Act responsibly	• Forge and maintain healthy relationships.	
				•Recognise "bullying" and report bullying to relevant authorities. (19.2.1, 19.2.2)	

V.C.C.E.: STANDARD 3					
CONTENT	SKILLS	DISPOSITIONS	OUTCOMES	ELABORATIONS	
Students will:				ı	
Responsible Behaviour Citizenship- Rights vs. Responsibilities: Social Justice 20.1.1 Describe ways in which a balance can be		20.3.1 Act responsibly	14. Demonstrate an understanding of the behaviours associated with good citizenship.	 Describe three (3) ways in which to fulfil personal responsibilities. (20.1.1) Describe three (3) ways in which to defend their rights. (20.1.1) Be as interested in their rights as in 	
achieved between demands for rights and dedication to responsibilities.		when defending their rights.		 their responsibilities. (20.1.1, 20.3.1) Describe two (2) moral and two (2) social responsibilities which children have. (21.1.1) 	
21.1.1 Begin to understand their moral and social responsibilities as citizens.	21.2.1 Express views on social issues that exist at home and in the region with confidence.	21.3.1 More readily pay attention to their moral and social responsibilities as citizens.		 Recommend three (3) ways in which social injustice can be counteracted. (21.2.1) Volunteer services and participate in activities organised to deal with social issues. (21.2.1, 21.3.1) 	
	22.2.1 Use ICT to gather information on current affairs.			•Keep informed about current affairs (22.2.1)	

	V.C.C.E.: STANDARD 3 GLOSSARY
Trustworthiness	Trustworthiness: Being worthy of another's trust or confidence.
	When you are trustworthy, others believe you are loyal and that they can depend on you to try always to say and do the right thing.
Fairness	Fairness: Dealing objectively (and impartially) with challenging situations.
	When you are fair you consider the needs of others when making decisions.
Respect	Respect: Regard or concern for one's well-being and that of others.
	We can show respect for persons and their culture in order to build and maintain healthy relationships.
Caring	Caring: Feeling and showing concern and empathy for others. Having compassion.
	When you are a caring person you do things to keep yourself and others safe and healthy.
Responsibility	Responsibility is the characteristic that is based on obligation. A person who is responsible: obeys home, school and safety rules uses self-control is self-disciplined is dependable makes informed decisions shows perseverance sets goals contributes to the good of the whole.
Citizenship	Citizenship involves three interrelated concepts: Moral and Social Responsibility, Community Involvement and Political Literacy. A good citizen knows what (s)he can do, what (s)he should do and what (s)he must do.

Primary School Curriculum

Values Character and Citizenship Education (VCCE)

Standard 4

V.C.C.E.: STANDARD 4				
CONTENT	SKILLS	DISPOSITIONS	OUTCOMES	ELABORATIONS
Students will:				
Trustworthiness: Communication & Trust 1.1.1 Describe elements of effective communication.	1.2.1 Apply principles of effective communication to build and maintain trust within relationships with 1) peers and those in authority.		1. Demonstrate an understanding of the ways in which effective communication helps to maintain trust within relationships.	 Describe four (4) elements of effective communication. (1.1.1) Evaluate the ways in which the elements of effective communication can be used to build trust. Think carefully of: what is said; how it is said; when it is said; and to whom it is said. (1.1.1, 1.2.1)
Acceptable Disclosure 2.1.1 Know when it is acceptable to disclose 'secrets' and to whom 'secrets' should be disclosed. Acceptable Disclosure	2.2.1 Assess the advantages and disadvantages of displaying loyalty to one's peers.	2.3.1 Display integrity of character.	2. Act with integrity and discretion.	 Assess situations to determine whether or not secrets should be disclosed. (2.1.1) Would anyone be hurt or negatively affected if I keep thi to myself? Recognise that persons with whom they associate affect their reputation and the level of confidence others put in them. (2.2.1)

V.C.C.E.: STANDARD 4							
CONTENT	SKILLS	DISPOSITIONS	OUTCOMES	ELABORATIONS			
Students will:	Students will:						
		2.3.1 Display integrity of character ⁵¹ 3.3.1 Be more discerning when choosing friends or companions.	2.Act with integrity and discretion	 Be selective with respect to persons with whom they associate. (3.3.1) Treat every person with respect yet associate with persons who encourage them to do what is good and right. 			
Fairness: Impartiality in decision-making 4.1.1 Identify processes that can be used to make well informed and impartial decisions.	4.2.1 Gather and interpret data from a range of sources before giving their own opinions on matters of local, regional and global interest.	4.3.1 Demonstrate an increased capacity for considering multiple perspectives on an issue before making judgements.	3. Demonstrate an understanding of impartiality.	 Describe four (4) ways in which to make informed and impartial decisions. (4.1.1) Discuss, in one paragraph, one (1) process that can be used for making decisions. (4.2.1, 4.2.2) 			
Impartiality in decision- making	4.2.2 Use the steps of decision-making		4.Demonstrate a basic understanding of advocacy and social	• Define in 2-3 sentences the terms: "advocacy" and "social injustice".			

 $^{^{\}rm 51}$ The statement has been repeated from p. 103 to facilitate referencing.

V.C.C.E.: STANDARD 4					
CONTENT	SKILLS	DISPOSITIONS	OUTCOMES	ELABORATIONS	
Students will:					
Fairness: Advocacy and social justice 5.1.1 Identify situations in which they can display courage to ensure fair treatment of others.	processes competently. 5.2.1 Influence others to be courageous in helping others.	 5.3.1 Exhibit concern for persons who have been treated unfairly and display willingness to advocate for the rights of such persons. 5.3.2 Display greater level of sensitivity to issues of social injustice that may have occurred at the local, regional and global levels. 	5. Act fairly and display sensitivity to others who need support.	 Describe three (3) ways in which persons can advocate for others. (5.1.1) Consider the views of others when making decisions. (4.3.1) Defend the rights of peers who have been treated unfairly.(5.2.1, 5.3.1, 5.3.2) Initiate and participate in activities geared to help persons who are challenged by social issues. (5.3.1) 	
Respect for the right to			6.Demonstrate an	• Describe three (3) ways in which	

V.C.C.E.: STANDARD 4					
CONTENT	SKILLS	DISPOSITIONS	OUTCOMES	ELABORATIONS	
Students will:		<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
privacy			understanding of the "right to privacy" and	other persons' "right to privacy" can be respected. (6.1.1)	
6.1.1 Recognise that each		6.3.1 Demonstrate	what it entails.		
person has a right to privacy.		willingness to consider the implications of using social media to circulate personal information about	7. D	• Discuss three (3) ways in which persons' right to privacy can be respected while using social media. (6.3.1)	
Respect for self and others		others. 7.3.1 Demonstrate	7. Demonstrate deepening understanding of respect for self and	• Describe three (3) ways in which respect for self and others can be shown. (7.1.1)	
7.1.1 Detail ways in which persons can respect themselves and others.	7.2.1 Respect self and others during exchanges via social media.7.2.2 Justify the need for	healthy respect for self through their attitudes and behaviour. 7.3.2 Demonstrate a healthy respect	others.	 Cite three (3) ways in which respect for self and others can be maintained while using social media. (7.2.1) Explain why respect for self and others is important. (7.2.2) 	
Caring: Considerate Use	self-respect and respect for others.	for persons from other places.	8.Respect self and others 9. Demonstrate	 Use positive language to refer to themselves and others. (7.3.1, 7.3.2) Describe three (3) ways in which 	

V.C.C.E.: STANDARD 4				
CONTENT	SKILLS	DISPOSITIONS	OUTCOMES	ELABORATIONS
Students will:				
of Media 8.1.1 Describe ways in which they can demonstrate consideration for others while using the media.	 8.2.1 Discuss ways in which consideration can be shown for others while using the media. 8.2.2 Use their understanding of caring to apply to their behaviours and actions towards others. 	 8.3.1 Share ideas that will assist in helping others. 8.3.2 Be considerate of others when using the media. 	understanding of the ways in which the media can be used with due consideration for others.	media can be used responsibly.(8.1.1) Share the truth about situations without using hurtful or 'demeaning' language. (8.2.1, 8.2.2, 8.3.2) Consider what needs to be shared. (8.3.1) Maintain respect for persons' right to privacy. (8.3.2)
Responsibility & Change 9.1.1 Understand that change is unavoidable. Responsibility & Change	9.2.1 Recommend ways to deal with change.9.2.2 Reflect on adjustment to change.		10. Demonstrate understanding of ways in which to cope with change.	 Describe ways in which to cope with change: (9.1.1, 9.2.1, 9.2.2) ➤ Seek advice from more experienced persons; ➤ Acquire relevant knowledge and skills; or ➤ Develop "staying calm" strategies.
			11. Give simple justifications for	• Detail three (3) consequences of poor choices. (10.2.1)

	V.C.C.E.: STANDARD 4			
CONTENT	SKILLS	DISPOSITIONS	OUTCOMES	ELABORATIONS
Students will:				
	10.2.1 Examine consequences of choices they 1) make 2) plan to make 3) made. 11.2.1 Justify choices they make 1) at Home 2) at School 3) at Church 4) within the community. 12.2.1 Develop criteria for determining the appropriateness of websites, music and print, etc.	10.3.1 Make responsible choices for various situations-e.g., when selecting music, websites, print, etc.	responsible choices. 12. Make responsible choices.	 Describe three (3) benefits of responsible choices. (11.2.1) Devise a system for making responsible choices re use of websites, music and print. (10.3.1, 12.2.1) Listen to and view material that is agappropriate. (12.2.1)

	V.C.C.E.: STANDARD 4				
CONTENT	SKILLS	DISPOSITIONS	OUTCOMES	ELABORATIONS	
Students will:					
Citizenship- Rights vs. Responsibilities: Social Justice 13.1.1 Recognise that all citizens have a right to justice.		13.3.1 Appreciate the role played by advocates for social justice.	13. Demonstrate an understanding of behaviours displayed by good citizens.	Discuss three (3) ways in which persons can seek redress for wrongs committed against them. (13.1.1, 14.1.1) Write letters to the media, to Member of Parliament, Write petitions, Lobby public through legal	
14.1.1 Outline options that are available to citizens for seeking redress when their rights have been infringed. 15.1.1 Begin to understand that as				means,	
they grow their responsibilities as citizens will increase.	15.2.1 Use the media to become and stay an informed citizen.	15.3.1 Begin to consider the ways in which individual choice affects the community and the wider society.		 Use the print and electronic media to access information and to share useful information. (15.2.1) Describe three (3) ways in which individual choices can affect others. (13.3.1, 15.3.1) 	

	V.C.C.E.: STANDARD 4 GLOSSARY				
Trustworthiness	Trustworthiness: Being worthy of another's trust or confidence.				
	When you are trustworthy, others believe they can depend on you to be truthful and that they can rely on you to try always to say and do the right thing.				
Fairness	Fairness: Dealing objectively (and impartially) with challenging situations.				
	When you are fair you consider the needs of others when making decisions.				
Respect	Respect: Regard or concern for one's well-being and that of others.				
	We can show respect for persons and their culture in order to build and maintain healthy relationships.				
Caring	Caring: Feeling and showing concern and empathy for others. Having compassion.				
	When you are a caring person you do things to keep yourself and others safe and healthy.				
Responsibility	Responsibility is the characteristic that is based on obligation. A person who is responsible: • Contributes to the good of the whole; • Sets goals and aims to achieve them;				
	 Accepts and fulfils commitment; Is dependable; and Takes responsibility for his/her actions. 				
Citizenship	Citizenship involves three interrelated concepts: Moral and Social Responsibility, Community Involvement and Political Literacy.				
	A good citizen knows what (s)he can do, what (s)he should do and what (s)he must do.				

Primary School Curriculum

Values Character and Citizenship Education (VCCE)

Standard 5

	V.C.C.E: STANDARD 5				
CONTENT	SKILLS	DISPOSITIONS	OUTCOMES	ELABORATIONS	
Students will:	<u>I</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
Trustworthiness: Building a good reputation 1.1.1 Describe ways of building and maintaining a good reputation. Trust and International Relations 2.1.1 Understand that open and honest communication is important in building and maintaining trust in international relations.	1.2.1 Consistently and effectively prioritise time to meet deadlines. 2.2.1 Suggest plausible ways of restoring or strengthening trust among citizens of the global village. 3.2.1 Use various forms of media/ICT to gather and analyse information to make informed decisions on global issues.	 2.3.1 Use discretion when keeping promises and speaking the truth. 3.3.1 Revise judgements and change behaviour in light of new evidence. 	1. Demonstrate an understanding of: Building and maintaining a good reputation and Ways in which healthy relationships can be built and maintained.	 Describe three (3) ways in which persons can build and maintain a good reputation. (1.1.1) Tell the truth consistently and discreetly. (2.1.1, 2.3.1) Meet deadlines. (1.2.1) Complete assignments as required. (1.2.1) Think before making commitments. (2.3.1) Make informed and sound decisions (3.2.1, 3.3.1) Describe three (3) ways in which persons can communicate honestly yet tactfully with others. (2.1.1) Recommend two (2) ways in which relationships can be strengthened or restored. (2.2.1) 	
Fairness: Social Justice and Social			2. Demonstrate understanding of social justice and social	• Discuss in a short paragraph (6-8 lines) their understanding of the	

	V.C.C.E: STANDARD 5				
CONTENT	SKILLS	DISPOSITIONS	OUTCOMES	ELABORATIONS	
Students will:	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		
Responsibility 4.1.1 Explain the terms 'social justice' and 'social responsibility'. 5.1.1 Understand that social justice and social responsibility aid in fostering world peace.	4.2.1 Make decisions after considering what would be socially just in a given situation.	 4.3.1 Act in socially responsible ways to counteract the effects of social injustice. 5.3.1 Refrain from carelessly casting blame on certain groups for inequities suffered by other groups. 5.3.2 Listen impartially to others. 	responsibility.	terms and how they foster peaceful relations. (4.1.1, 5.1.1) • Describe three (3) social responsibilities persons may have. (4.1.1) • Volunteer to assist others. (4.3.1) • Avoid stereotyping when 'assessing' others. (5.3.1. 5.3.2) • Avoid prejudging others. (4.2.1, 5.3.2)	
Respect: Tolerance		6.3.1 Maintain an attitude of tolerance in classroom discussions.	3. Display tolerance.	 Speak and relate well with others despite differences. (6.3.1, 7.3.1) Cite 2-3 benefits of the cultural diversity found in Trinidad & 	

	V.C.C.E: STANDARD 5			
CONTENT	SKILLS	DISPOSITIONS	OUTCOMES	ELABORATIONS
Students will:			<u> </u>	
		 7.3.1 Respect the values, opinions, beliefs, and ideas of others within the global community. 8.3.1 Take pride in/Be proud of the diversity found in Trinidad & Tobago. 		Tobago. (8.3.1)
Care for the global environment			4. Demonstrate an understanding of the benefits to be derived from	• Describe four (4) benefits to be derived from caring for the environment. (9.1.1, 10.1.1)
9.1.1 Understand that caring for the environment around them is crucial to			caring for the environment.	

	V.C.C.E: STANDARD 5			
CONTENT	SKILLS	DISPOSITIONS	OUTCOMES	ELABORATIONS
Students will:	<u> </u>	<u>I</u>		
their and others' survival.				
10.1.1 Recognise that to maintain health and well-being, it is crucial that we take care of the environment. Building a Caring Global Community	11.2.1 Initiate ideas that will assist in helping others within the global community.	11.3.1 Exhibit behaviours and leadership skills that show caring for self and others in the community and the rest of the world.	 5. Demonstrate an understanding of: Reasons for caring for self and others Ways in which they can care for themselves and others. 	• Describe two (2) benefits of caring for themselves and others. (11.3.1)
Building a Caring Caribbean Community			5. Demonstrate an understanding of :➤ Reasons for caring for self and others	• Describe 2-3 characteristics that can contribute to the building of a caring global society. (12.1.1, 12.2.1)
12.1.1 Identify personal qualities that contribute to the	12.2.1 Determine the qualities that make a	12.3.1 Display patriotism, compassion,	Ways in which they can care for themselves and	

	V.C.C.E: STANDARD 5			
CONTENT	SKILLS	DISPOSITIONS	OUTCOMES	ELABORATIONS
Students will:				
development of a caring global society.	contributing member of the society.	unity and good citizenship.	others. 6. Take action to show care for others.	• Organise and participate in activities to offer assistance to others. (11.2.1, 11.3.1, 12.3.1)
Change, Preparedness and Responsibility	13.2.1 Defend preparedness as responsible behaviour. 14.2.1 Argue that skills are needed to be a successful group member.		7. Demonstrate understanding of responsibility.	 Describe three (3) ways in which to be prepared for events and activities. (13.2.1) Describe three (3) necessary life skills. (14.2.1)
Change, Preparedness and Responsibility	15.2.1 Analyse the effects of		8. Give justifications for behaving responsibly.	 State three (3) effects of irresponsible behaviour on 1) the individual 2) the group. (15.2.1) Cite three (3) benefits of self-

	V.C.C.E: STANDARD 5			
CONTENT	SKILLS	DISPOSITIONS	OUTCOMES	ELABORATIONS
Students will:	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
	irresponsibility in group related activities.			discipline. (16.2.1)
	 16.2.1 Recommend that self-discipline and responsible behaviour are the foundations of good citizenship. 17.2.1 Consider the changes in their body and the responsibility associated with these changes. 	17.3.1 Care for themselves.17.3.2 Seek information on maturity.	9. Recognise personal responsibilities.	 Determine three (3) ways in which they can prepare for changes in their body. (17.2.1) Take more responsibility for personal health and well-being. (17.3.1) Name three (3) persons or agencies from which they can get reliable information on changes that will occur as they grow up. (17.3.2)
Citizenship- Rights vs. Responsibilities: Social Justice 18.1.1 Investigate ways	18.2.1 Use social media	18.3.1 Be responsible in	10. Demonstrate an understanding of behaviour associated with good citizenship.	 Discuss three (3) ways in which the media can be used as an agent of social change. (18.1.1) Build public awareness of social issues. (18.2.1) Highlight efforts/drives in

V.C.C.E: STANDARD 5				
CONTENT	SKILLS	DISPOSITIONS	OUTCOMES	ELABORATIONS
Students will:		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
in which the media can be used to promote social justice. Citizenship-	responsibly to advocate for ethical, economic, and social practices. 19.2.1 Use technology to become an informed citizen.	using social media to advocate for ethical, economic and social practices.		which they can participate. (19.2.1) Inform of available social services and how they can be accessed. (19.2.1) Determine criteria for assessing the reliability of information accessed from media sources.(18.3.1) Read print and electronic versions of media to access information.
Rights vs. Responsibilities: Social Justice	20.2.1 Plan and organise activities (appropriate) to their level, in response to social injustice.	20.3.1 Defend the rights of others in responsible ways.	11. Become an informed citizen.12. Become an agent of social change.	• Recommend 2-3 ways in which they can use media responsibly to highlight social issues to schoolmates and other young people. (18.2.1, 18.3.1, 20.2.1, 20.3.1)

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	When you are fair you consider the needs of others when making decisions.
Respect	Respect: Regard or concern for one's well-being and that of others.
	We can show respect for persons and their culture in order to build and maintain healthy relationships.
Caring	Caring: Feeling and showing concern and empathy for others. Having compassion.
	When you are a caring person you do things to keep yourself and others safe and healthy.
Responsibility	Responsibility is the characteristic that is based on obligation. A person who is responsible: • Contributes to the good of the whole;
	Sets goals and aims to achieve them;
	Accepts and fulfils commitment; In January Johnson Johns
	 Is dependable; and Takes responsibility for his/her actions
Citizenship	Citizenship involves three interrelated concepts: Moral and Social Responsibility, Community Involvement and Political Literacy.
	A good citizen knows what (s)he can do, what (s)he should do and what (s)he must do.